## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



R

TCENT

ER

YUMA ART CENTER

H

E

T

R

E

A

ጉ

## City of Yuma Arizona

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Prepared by:

## **Finance Department**

Donald (Pat) Wicks, CPA Director

> Bonnie A. Robinson Accounting Manager

About the Cover:

The Yuma Art Center in Historic Downtown Yuma opened in February 2004. The renovated 1912 Historic Yuma Theatre is the centerpiece of the Art Center. The facility also has four visual art galleries and abundant classroom/workshop space. Over 30,000 people have enjoyed a performance, exhibition, class or an event in our new home for the arts!. Color Photograph used with permission by Nels Akerlund Photography - <u>WWW.NelsAkerlund.com</u>

### **CITY COUNCIL**

Lawrence K. Nelson, Mayor Bobby L. Brooks Gerald (Gerry) D. Giss Paul B. Johnson Scott D. Johnson Alan (Al) L. Krieger Ema Lea Shoop

**City Administration** 

Robert L. Wagner City Administrator

**Robert L. Stull** Deputy City Administrator

**City Departments** 

City Attorney Steven W. Moore

City Clerk Brigitta M. Kuiper

Community Development Gary R. Burroughs

Finance Donald (Pat) Wicks

Fire Department Jack McArthur, Chief

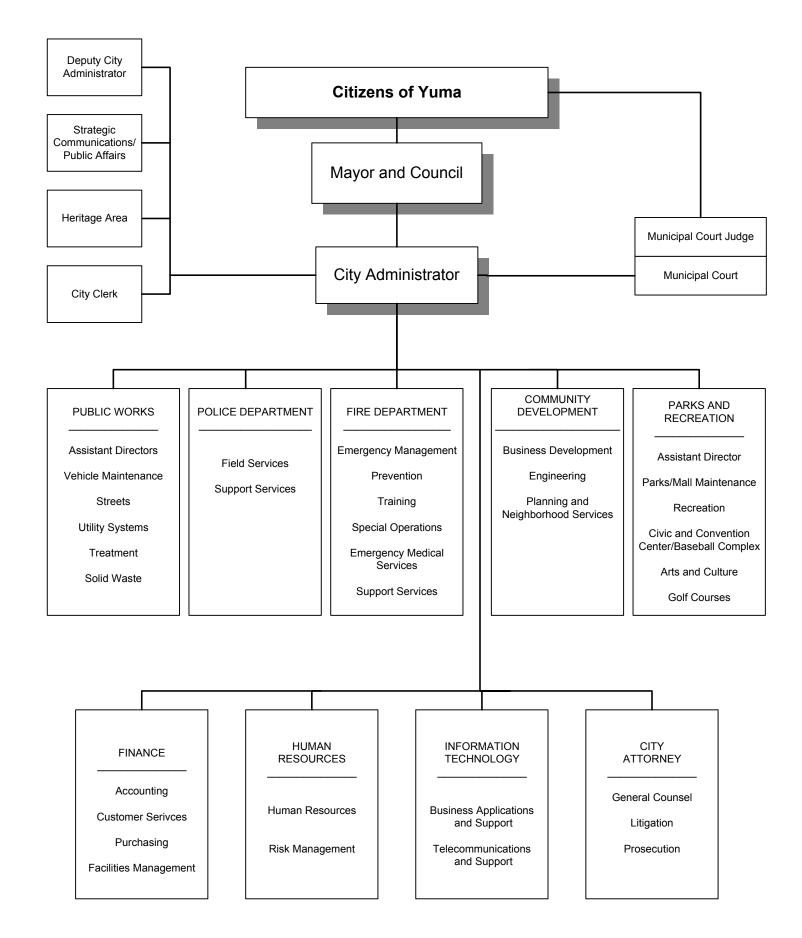
Information Technology Laura S. Neinast

Municipal Court Douglas S. Stanley, Judge

Parks and Recreation Stephen D. Bills

Police Department William D. (Robby) Robinson, Chief

> Public Works Gary R. Burroughs



## City of Yuma, Arizona COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

	Page
Letter of Transmittal from the Finance Director	v
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	х
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Assets	20
Statement of Activities	21
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	24
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	28
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	30
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Assets	31
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	32
Statement of Cash Flows	33
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	35
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Funding Progress - Public Safety Personnel Retirement System	58
Budgetary Comparison Schedules-General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds:	
General Fund	59
Highway User Revenue Fund	62
City Road Tax Fund	63
Grants Fund	64
Community Redevelopment Fund	65
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet-Nonmajor Governmental Funds	70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Nonmajor	
Governmental Funds	72
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Major Governmental Funds Not Included In Required Supplementary Information -	
Debt Service Fund	74
Capital Projects Fund	75
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Local Transportation Assistance Special Revenue Fund	76
Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund	77
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund	78
Recreation Complex Special Revenue Fund	79
Two Percent Tax Special Revenue Fund	80
Yuma Mall Maintenance Special Revenue Fund	81

## City of Yuma, Arizona COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Concluded)

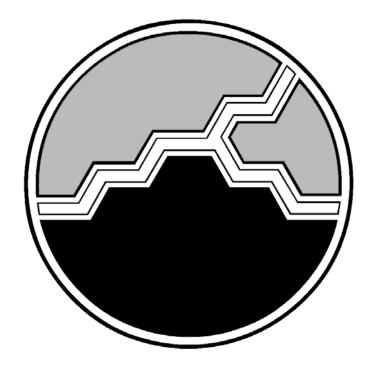
#### FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds:	Page
Enterprise Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	84
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	85
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	86
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Water Enterprise Fund	87
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	88
Desert Hills Golf Course Enterprise Fund	89
Arroyo Dunes Golf Course Enterprise Fund	90
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	92
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	93
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	94
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund	95
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Equipment Maintenance Internal Service Fund	96
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:	
Schedule of Capital Assets by Source	98
Schedule By Function and Activity	99
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	100

## **STATISTICAL SECTION**

	Table	
Government-wide Expenses by Function	I	103
Government-wide Revenues	II	104
General Governmental Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	III	105
General Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years	IV	106
Tax Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years	V	107
Intergovernmental Shared Revenues - Last Ten Fiscal Years	VI	108
Intergovernmental Revenues - Grants and Other - Last Ten Fiscal Years	VII	109
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	VIII	110
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years	IX	111
Property Tax Rates per \$100 of Assessed Valuation - Direct and Overlapping		
Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years	Х	112
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	XI	113
Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and General		
Bonded Debt per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	XII	114
Special Assessments Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	XIII	115
Computation of Legal Debt Limitation	XIV	116
Ratio of Debt Service of General Bonded Debt to Total		
General Governmental Expenditures - Last Ten Fiscal Years	XV	117
Schedule of Water and Wastewater Revenue Bond Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years	XVI	118
Pledged Tax Collections	XVII	119
Schedule of Municipal Property Corporation Debt Service Requirements to Maturity		
and Coverage	XVIII	120
Building Permits, Bank Deposits and Retail Sales - Last Ten Fiscal Years	XIX	121
Assessed Valuation of Ten Major Property Taxpayers	XX	122
Miscellaneous Statistical Data	XXI	123

**INTRODUCTORY SECTION** 





## FINANCE DEPARTMENT

One City Plaza P.O. Box 13012 Yuma, Arizona 85366-3012 (928) 373-5087 Fax: (928) 373-5084

September 23, 2004

To the Citizens, Honorable Mayor and City Council, and City Administrator

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Yuma, Arizona for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The report includes the independent auditors' report as required by City Charter Article XIII, Section 12, and by Arizona Revised Statutes, Section 9-481. The report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the City. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as they apply to governmental units. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, 2) the calculation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate, in all material respects, and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of local governments within the State of Arizona, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Yuma, Arizona for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that the City of Yuma's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reporting Package.

This report has been prepared using the new financial reporting requirements as outlined in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.* This new standard requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and

analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of *Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)*. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

The report is presented in three sections:

**The Introductory Section**. The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal with its discussion on the City's economy, financial planning and cash management and information on the City's organizational structure.

**The Financial Section.** The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and MD&A. It then contains the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include the new government-wide financial statements as well as fund financial statements for the City's major governmental funds and major enterprise funds. The notes to the financial statements follow, after which can be found required supplementary information, including pension information and budgetary schedules of the General Fund and each major special revenue fund. The last portion of the financial section contains other supplementary information listing fund financial statements for the City's nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds, internal service funds, governmental capital assets and budgetary schedules for each of its funds with legally adopted budgets that were not presented with the required supplementary information.

**The Statistical Section.** The Statistical Section includes a number of tables containing ten-year revenue and expenditure information as well as other financial and economic data.

## PROFILE OF THE CITY OF YUMA

The City of Yuma was incorporated in 1914 and adopted its first charter in June of that year. Yuma is the economic hub and county seat of Yuma County and is of one of the fastest growing areas in the United States. The City is located along the Colorado River in southwestern Arizona and is equidistant from the major population centers of Phoenix, Arizona and San Diego, California.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government. The City Council consists of six members elected at large for staggered four-year terms. The elected Mayor is the seventh voting member of council, who, along with the remaining council members is elected on a non-partisan basis. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing members of commissions and hiring the City Administrator. The City Administrator carries out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, oversees the day-to-day operations of the City and appoints the various department heads.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These include public safety (police, fire and municipal court), street construction and maintenance, water and wastewater utility services, sanitation and residential refuse collection, parks, recreation and culture, planning and zoning, and general administrative and support services.

This CAFR includes the financial activity of the primary government, which includes several enterprise activities, as well as its blended component units. Component units are legally separate units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, while legally separate, are part of the City's operations and are combined within the report. The Yuma Municipal Property Corporation and the City of Yuma Employee Benefits Trust have been included in the reporting entity. Conversely, the report does not include the City of Yuma Housing Authority as the City is not financially accountable for the authority, nor does the City directly or indirectly rely upon or benefit from the financial activity of the authority.

## ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

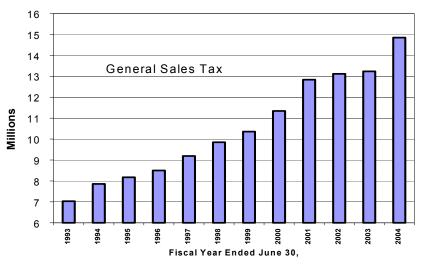
**Industrial Expansion.** Yuma's economy is based primarily in agriculture, tourism and government, although further diversification continues. Agriculture remains the Yuma area's dominant industry, producing almost \$1 billion in revenues annually<sup>1</sup>. Several major agricultural companies, most notably Dole Food Company, maintain operations here. Their chief consumer products are packaged produce and salad mixes, popular products for today's convenience-minded customers. The Yuma area's stable allocation of Colorado River water will assure that agriculture remains the foundation of Yuma's economy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Yuma County Chamber of Commerce

The United States Marine Corps Air Station and United States Army Yuma Proving Ground help provide economic stability. These two installations are cornerstones in the military's flight training and equipment testing programs and should survive any continued base closure efforts by the federal government. In fact, both installations are enjoying new construction and expansion to meet their needs into the 21<sup>st</sup> century. The importance of these two bases to the military establishment has been magnified by the conflict in Iraq and the continued fight against terrorism.

Although manufacturing currently accounts for less than 10% of countywide employment, the City's partnership with the Greater Yuma Economic Development Council continues to attract attention to the area. Several companies have located or expanded operations in Yuma in recent years.

Economic Growth. Yuma's most reliable indicator of the condition of its economy is sales tax. The graph at right reflects the last twelve years of Until the last few years, data. collections averaged a better than 7% increase annually. Beginning after 2001, Yuma's collections dipped slightly to a 1% growth, although Yuma dramatic escaped the downturns affecting the larger population centers. For 2004, sales tax more than rebounded and surpassed its historic growth pattern with a 12% increase over 2003. Planning for fiscal year 2005 includes a conservative 5% growth in sales tax collections.



Yuma's basis as a regional retail center expanded during 2004 with the construction of a 1 million square foot shopping center. A number of nationally known retail operations will be opening shortly after the beginning of the fiscal year. A grand opening celebration is scheduled for November 2004.

**Tourism.** Yuma has enjoyed an influx of seasonal residents for decades. Visitors from throughout the United States and Canada continue to call Yuma their winter home. Yuma continues to be a popular destination with the winter population rebounding after a slight decrease the previous year. This contributed to the strengthening of sales tax collections.

## LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

**Yuma Crossing National Heritage Area.** Plans to restore, preserve and interpret the Yuma Crossing National Heritage area began more than thirty years ago. A study at the time aimed at gaining full economic and recreational benefit from the Colorado River for the Yuma area. The river, once the primary reason for Yuma's existence, had been ignored for years as community growth and new development moved away from the riverfront. Awareness of the river's importance has re-emerged, culminating in the establishment of the Yuma Crossing National Heritage Area in 2000, the first such National Heritage Area west of the Mississippi River.

During fiscal year 2004, the West Wetlands Park opened. Once a landfill, this park is becoming a showcase of riverfront revitalization. During the year, the East Wetlands portion of the plan began construction to restore natural vegetation and wildlife habitat. With continued diligence, the City is determined to continue development of historic and cultural activities so important in meeting the Council's goals in enriching the area's cultural attributes. Progress in providing opportunities for local residents and for attracting employers to the area to continue to diversify the economy is dependent on continuing these plans.

**Downtown redevelopment.** Revitalization of the downtown area is a vital component of management of the Heritage Area. During 2004, the City completed construction and renovation related to the historic Yuma Theater

and new Yuma Arts Center. Along with recent private developments in the area, the opening of the new art center will help the downtown area to grow into a cultural and recreational portion of the Heritage Area.

**East Mesa development.** Construction of the new East Mesa Water and Wastewater Treatment plants continued during 2004. The eastern edge of the City on the Yuma Mesa continues to grow. These two plants will not only establish the infrastructure necessary to accommodate that growth, but will improve capacity of existing plants in the older Yuma area to accommodate that dramatic growth. The Water Infrastructure Financing Authority (WIFA) of the State of Arizona has been invaluable in providing lower-cost financing for these important projects. Rate structures for both the Water Fund and the Wastewater Fund have already been passed and put in place by the City Council to assure adequate funding for the project's debt service.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**Budgetary Controls.** The annual budget serves as the foundation for City financial planning and control. The City maintains budgetary controls with the objectives to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget, approved by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Fund, Enterprise Funds, and two of the City's Internal Service Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. As with the governmental funds, the City's proprietary funds are presented on a current financial resources basis to account for capital and debt-related expenditures. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary controls. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, encumbrances generally are re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget. As demonstrated by the budgetary schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. In addition to budgetary schedules, Note I-D in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 37 describes in detail the budget process used by the City.

**Cash Management**. The policy of the City of Yuma is to invest funds in a manner which will provide the maximum security of principal invested, provide the highest yield while conforming to applicable State statutes and City ordinances, and meet the daily cash flow needs of the City. Investments authorized by the City's Investment Policy include: 1) Obligations of the U.S. Government; 2) Fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposits; 3) Bankers acceptances issued by the ten largest domestic banks and the twenty largest international banks; 4) Commercial paper rated A-1/P-1; 5) Repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consists of the foregoing, provided a signed PSA Master Repurchase Agreement is on file with the counterpart bank or broker/dealer; 6) Money Market Funds whose portfolio consists of the foregoing; and, 7) the State of Arizona Local Government Investment Pool.

Total investments increased to \$99,606,216 at June 30, 2004 from \$87,634,643 last year. The increase reflects in part the unexpended proceeds of the District 67 Improvement District bonds. Following market conditions, average yield on investments again declined at June 30, 2004, to 1.83%. A review of Note III A in the Notes to the Financial Statements, page 41, will provide a more complete review of investment policy and balances.

**Risk Management.** The City is self insured for certain risks up to a maximum of \$250,000 per occurrence. Primary insurance is then available for the next \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$5,000,000 annual aggregate loss. An excess policy follows to cover losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence up to an additional \$4,000,000 per occurrence with a \$4,000,000 aggregate. The City self funds for workman's compensation up to \$100,000 per occurrence per year with a \$250,000 lifetime maximum loss per occurrence. The City also selffunds its dental coverage while securing commercially provided health insurance for its employees. Coverage in excess of self-funded stop loss amounts is also provided through the purchase of commercial insurance.

The City pursues an aggressive safety program providing a wide range of training opportunities for employees in promoting safety, managing materials, defensive driving and many other issues. This program helps to mitigate claims costs and reduce exposure.

#### AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. This is the twenty-second consecutive year the City has received this

prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

I wish to express my sincere thanks to the employees of the Accounting Division for their dedicated service in preparing this report. Their work, along with those services provided by other members of the Finance Department, have made this report possible. The cooperation and assistance of the accounting firm of Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., also contributed significantly to its production. Finally, I wish to thank the Mayor and Council, City Administrator, and the City Staff for their continued support.

Respectfully submitted,

nald

Donald (Pat) Wicks, CPA Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Yuma, Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



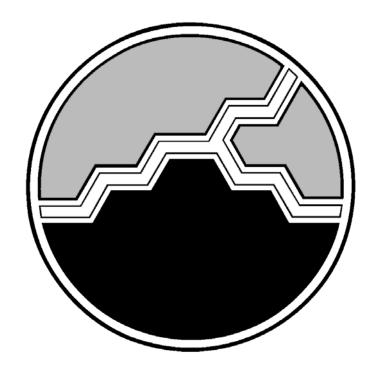
(any f. lhe

President

un R. Ener

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



## HEINFELD, MEECH & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Gary Heinfeld, CPA, CGFM Nancy A. Meech, CPA, CGFM Jennifer L. Shields, CPA C. Christopher Arvizu, CPA 3003 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1175 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 277-9449 Fax (602) 277-9297

www.heinfeldmeech.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Yuma, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Yuma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Yuma, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2004, on our consideration of City of Yuma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit. The management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 to 15 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 59 to 65 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Yuma's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the introductory section, other supplementary information and the statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

HEINFELD, MEECH & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants

September 23, 2004

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Required Supplementary Information)

As management of the City of Yuma, we offer readers of the City of Yuma's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Yuma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal in the introductory section of this report.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On a government-wide basis, the City's net assets grew by \$28.7 million for the fiscal year, \$18.8 million of which was generated by governmental activities while \$9.9 million was due to business-type activities of the City.
- The City's combined net assets total \$268.6 million at June 30, 2004. Of this amount, \$87.3 million is available (unrestricted) to finance ongoing programs, \$55.8 million in governmental programs and \$31.5 million in business activities.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Yuma's basic financial statements. The City of Yuma's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Yuma's finances, *in a manner similar to a private-sector business*.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are two examples).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Yuma that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, environmental health and welfare, community design and development and parks, recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the City include water, wastewater and golf course operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Yuma, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Moreover, these latter statements provide a ready comparison to similar financial statements produced prior to the City's implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

The City maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the seven funds considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements beginning on page 70.

Major Governmental Funds: General Highway User Revenue City Road Tax Grants Community Redevelopment Municipal Property Corporation Debt Service Capital Projects Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Local Transportation Assistance Public Safety Tax Solid Waste Recreation Complex Two Percent Tax Yuma Mall Maintenance

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 24 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Yuma maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Yuma uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer Authority and for its golf courses. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Yuma uses internal service funds to account for its equipment replacement and maintenance programs and for its workers compensation and employee health insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Major Enterprise Funds:	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:
Water Fund	Desert Hills Golf Course
Wastewater Fund	Arroyo Dunes Golf Course

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements group major and nonmajor proprietary funds in a manner similar to governmental fund statements. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements, beginning on page 92.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for all of its proprietary funds with the exception of two internal service funds: Employee Benefits Trust and Workers Compensation. Budgetary comparison statements for the remaining proprietary funds are included within the report to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-33 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 35 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Yuma's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 58 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental, proprietary and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and budgets. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 70.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Statement of Net Assets.** As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Yuma, assets exceeded liabilities by \$268.6 million at the close of the fiscal year.

Net Assets June 30, 2004	_	Governmental Activities				Busines Activi		Total				
(millions)		2004	2003		2004		2003		2004			2003
Current and other assets	\$	74.3	\$	63.4	\$	38.1	\$	35.5	\$	112.4	\$	98.9
Capital assets		169.7		153.8		130.2		96.4		299.9		250.2
Total assets		244.0		217.2		168.3		131.9		412.3		349.1
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities		75.2 18.0		72.6 12.7		44.0 6.5		20.7 3.3		119.2 24.5		93.3 16.0
Total liabilities		93.2		85.3		50.5		24.0		143.7		109.3
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		95.0		70.1		86.3		85.4		181.3		155.5
Unrestricted		95.0 55.8		61.8		31.5		85.4 22.5		87.3		84.3
Total net assets	\$	150.8	\$	131.9	\$	117.8	\$	107.9	\$	268.6	\$	239.8

The largest portion of the City of Yuma's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, including the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same held true for the previous fiscal year. Net assets rose to \$268.6 million, up \$28.7 million from the prior year. Governmental activities accounted for \$18.8 million of the increase while business-type activities amounted to \$9.9 million. Most of the increase would be attributable to capital asset acquisitions, particularly infrastructure, as governmental capital assets increased almost \$16 million (net of depreciation), funded in part by the excess of revenues over operating expenses as reported in the Statement of Activities on page 21. These acquisitions are reflected in the portion of net assets shown above as 'Invested in capital assets, net of related debt.' Unrestricted net assets are those assets available to finance programs in the upcoming fiscal year and would increase when the portion of taxes and other revenues exceed operating expenses but are not invested in capital assets.

**Statement of Activities.** Already noted was the statement of activities' purpose in presenting information in how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. A chart of changes in net assets follows.

<b>Changes in Net Assets</b> Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004	Governmental acitivites					iness ctiviti	-type	Total			
(millions)	2004			2003	2004		2003	2004	2003		
Revenues					2004		2000	2004			
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	9.2	\$	7.1	\$ 21.	1 \$	18.9	\$ 30.3	\$ 26.0		
Operating grants and contributions	Ŧ	3.3	Ŧ	3.4	-		-	3.3	3.4		
Capital grants and contributions		3.7		1.7	8.	9	5.4	12.6	7.1		
General revenues:		0.1			0.	0	0.1	12.0			
Property taxes		6.0		5.7	_		-	6.0	5.7		
Sales taxes		28.5		25.5	_		-	28.5	25.5		
Franchise taxes		1.9		1.7	_		-	1.9	1.7		
Shared revenues		24.0		24.2	_		-	24.0	24.2		
Unrestricted grants and contributions		5.2		7.6				5.2	7.6		
Unrestricted investment earnings		0.3		0.9	0.	1	0.6	0.4	1.5		
Total revenues		82.1		77.8	30.	1	24.9	112.2	102.7		
Expenses:											
General government		7.1		6.9	-		-	7.1	6.9		
Public safety		27.0		25.5	-		-	27.0	25.5		
Streets		8.6		7.9	-		-	8.6	7.9		
Parks, recreation and culture		9.5		8.9	-		-	9.5	8.9		
Environmental health and protection		3.0		2.9	-		-	3.0	2.9		
Community design and development		5.6		6.4	-		-	5.6	6.4		
Interest on long-term debt		2.9		2.9	-		-	2.9	2.9		
Water		-		-	10.	9	10.3	10.9	10.3		
Wastewater		-		-	7.	3	7.0	7.3	7.0		
Golf courses				-	2.	5	2.5	2.5	2.5		
Total expenses		63.7		61.4	20.	7	19.8	84.4	81.2		
Changes in net assets before transfers and special item											
Transfers		(0.5)		0.6	0.	5	(0.6)	-	-		
Gain on sale of fixed assets		0.9		-			-	0.9			
Change in net assets	\$	18.8	\$	17.0	<u>\$9</u> .	<u>9</u> \$	4.5	<u>\$ 28.7</u>	<u>\$ 21.5</u>		

For the fiscal year, net assets increased \$28.7 million, with \$18.8 of the increase coming from governmental activities. The increase in assets in governmental activities is related in great part to construction of assets, rather than accumulation of cash or other liquid assets. The reader should remember that the basis of accounting used in the government-wide statement of activities excludes capital expenditures while its revenues include general taxes whose primary purpose is for the construction of those very assets or their related debt service (i.e., public safety or road sales taxes).

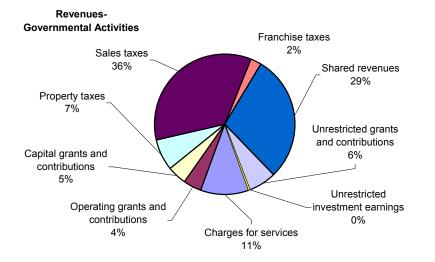
## **Governmental Activities**

#### **Revenues**

Governmental activities revenues totaled \$82.1 million for fiscal year 2004, up 5.5% from 2003. Local sales taxes are the largest revenue source for the City and are comprised of the 1% general sales tax along with a .5% road tax and a .2% public safety tax. State-shared revenues are the City's second largest revenue source. State-shared revenues include state sales tax, urban revenue sharing (income tax), auto in-lieu tax and highway user

funds (gas tax). Sales taxes and state shared revenues account for 65% of governmental revenues for the year, which is comparable to 2003. Charges for services, the third segment of governmental activities revenues, count building permits and inspections, fines, recreation fees, solid waste environmental fees, police services and civic center rental fees among its largest sources. The charges for services category amounts to 11% of governmental revenues. Property taxes represent 7% of governmental revenues. The large majority of property taxes are levied for general purposes with a small levy for downtown mall maintenance. No property taxes are levied for debt service. Various grants and contributions and franchise taxes account for most of the remaining governmental revenues. Some of the more significant changes in governmental activities revenues are noted:

- Charges for services rose 29% to \$9.2 million for the year. The increase reflects the City's growth as building permit fees saw a 55% increase to \$2.6 million combined with growth in sanitation fees as the result of the creation of the \$2 per month collection fee.
- Capital grants and contributions grew \$2.0 million to \$3.7 million in large part due to a technology grant from the US Department of Justice for the implementation of mobile data computing in public safety vehicles.
- Sales taxes increased \$3 million or 12% from 2003 reflecting better than anticipated economic activity. Early forecasts predicted a moderate increase of 5% but double-digit increases in collections began during the holiday period of 2003 and continued for the remainder of the fiscal year.

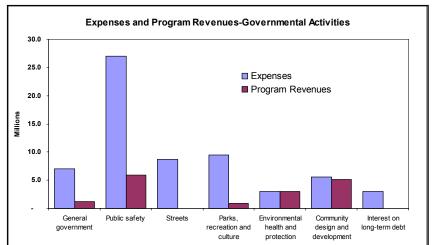


## Expenses

Governmental expenses totaled \$63.7 million for the fiscal year. Of the expenditures, 42% or \$27.0 million is related to public safety for police, fire and municipal court services. Parks, recreation and culture expenses

amounted to \$9.5 million. or 14.9%. while streets and community design and development expenses amounted to 13.5% and 8.7% respectively. Interest on long-term debt accounted for 4.7% of governmental expenses. Overall, governmental activities expenses rose 3.75%, or \$2.3 million, over 2003. The most notable increase among programs was the \$1.5 million increase in public safety expenses. This increase was due for the most part from substantive increases in pension costs.

The chart at right compares governmental activities with their



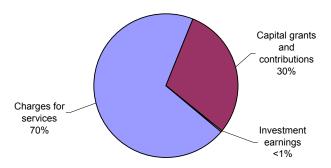
respective program revenues, if any. Because the ultimate beneficiary of services of these types is often difficult to ascertain or the services apply to a broad spectrum of users (such as in fire protection), user fees are not created and general revenues provide the funding support for most of these services. Moreover, where ultimate users of the services are determinable, program revenues may generate only a portion of the funding, such as in recreation programs.

#### Business-type activities

#### **Revenues**

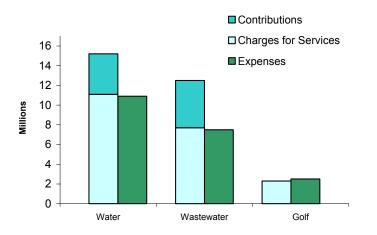
General revenues do not support the City's business-type activities; thus, the largest source of revenues comes from charges for services. Of the \$21.1 million in charges, 89% come from the City's two utility operations, water and wastewater. The remaining charges are from the City's two golf courses, Desert Hills and Arroyo Dunes. The \$8.9 million in contributions are payments for capacity charges and development fees as well as constructed additions to the City's water and wastewater infrastructure by subdivision and other developers. Finally, investment earnings make up less than 1% of revenues for the City's business activities.

#### Revenues-Business-type Activities



#### Expenses

Water and wastewater services account for 88% of the City's business-type activities with golf courses making up the remaining 12%. Water expenses amounted to \$10.9 million while wastewater expenses totaled \$7.3 million. Desert Hills Golf Course and Arroyo Dunes Golf Course recorded expenses of \$2.3 million and \$.2 million, respectively, for a total of \$2.5 million.



#### Expenses vs. Program Revenues-Business-type Activities

Because the City's business-type activities are supported by user charges, the chart above shows more reliance on program revenues. Moreover, for both water and wastewater, program revenues include capacity charges for new service and developer additions to the utility infrastructure.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

**Governmental funds.** The combined fund balances of governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, is \$37.9 million. This represents a \$5.8 million increase in fund balances, fueled in part from unexpected improvements in sales tax revenues. A review of some of the more significant funds follows.

### General Fund

The fund balance of the General Fund grew by \$1.9 million for the fiscal year. Revenues increased by \$2.4 million, led by a \$2.1 million jump in sales taxes and \$1.2 million increase in building permit and inspection fees. Expenditures rose a moderate 5.9% to \$38.5 million. Public safety expenditures showed the largest increase as pension expenditures rose for the year. Another contributor to the increase was a rise in technology expenditures with the hiring of consulting services related to geographic information systems.

#### Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF)

This fund, which accounts for the expenditure of state-shared gasoline taxes, was another major operating fund to contribute to the increase in the overall governmental fund balance. The City's portion of those taxes grew by 6.9% for the fiscal year to \$7.2 million. An increase in transfers for capital expenditure projects still allowed an increase in the fund's balance of \$.5 million.

### City Road Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the one-half cent sales tax for use on the City's roadways in conjunction with HURF. In the same manner as general sales tax in the General Fund, sales taxes increased by more than 12% over 2003 to \$7.4 million. Transfers to the Capital Projects Fund for streets projects decreased again over 2003 resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$1.3 million.

#### Grants Fund

The City continues to acquire much needed assistance from both the state and federal levels. During 2004, the mobile data computing project was completed using U.S. Department of Justice grants. Other forms of assistance in public safety were ongoing, such as the high intensity drug traffic program.

#### Community Redevelopment Fund

The City utilized in part its Community Development Block Grant funding and its Arizona Department of Commerce Action Grant Program funding to complete the Martin Luther King Community Center.

#### Debt Service

Debt Service Fund expenditures decreased by \$.9 million reflecting the redemption of the 1996 Series Municipal Property Corporation Bond. The remaining principal and interest expenditures of the fund matched transfers from the other operating funds.

#### Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund's fund balance grew by \$1 million this year as a result of bond proceeds of the new improvement district related to the Yuma Palms Regional Center (see the discussion on Debt Administration). The \$6.9 million remaining in the fund, made up of the aforementioned bond proceeds as well as balances in developer contribution accounts, is designated for these projects for fiscal 2005 and later.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's enterprise funds posted an overall increase in net assets of \$9.8 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The City's utility funds, water and wastewater, accounted for most of the increase as both have benefited from system growth and rate increases to sustain that growth. The two golf courses combined for a \$216,362 decrease in net assets.

#### Water Enterprise Fund

Operating revenues for the Water Fund increased by 10.9% for the year ending June 30, 2004. This is due both to an ongoing series of rate increases and to a 4.1% growth in the customer base to 23,665. Operating expenses rose by 5.4% and the fund produced operating income of \$752,091. Additional rate increases are in store through 2008 to finance the construction of a new water treatment facility on the East Mesa and to make improvements within the current water system needed to maintain service levels and system pressure.

#### Wastewater Enterprise Fund

With the end of fiscal 2004, the Wastewater Fund completed its fifth year in its five-year series of rate adjustments to finance the construction of its \$40 million East Mesa wastewater treatment plant. Combined with similar growth noted in the Water Fund, operating revenues increased 15.9% over fiscal 2003. Operating expenditures held steady resulting in income from operations of \$734,532. At year end, an additional series of rate increases is under consideration as costs of construction of the wastewater plant have escalated.

#### Golf Courses

Although revenues improved for the City's nonmajor enterprise funds, both the Desert Hills Golf Course and the Arroyo Dunes Golf Course suffered operating losses for the year ended June 30, 2004. Revenues for Desert Hills, once voted "Best Municipal Golf Course in Arizona" by Golf Digest, rose 3.2% over 2003 but even a 2% reduction in operating expenses was not sufficient to avoid an operating loss of \$199,218. The same held true for Arroyo Dunes Golf Course in that revenues increased by 2% but the fund still suffered a loss. Plans are under consideration for converting the grounds to a soccer and softball recreation center. Until that should happen, the city will continue to operate the course and implement strategies to improve its financial outlook.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

A detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, can be found starting on page 59. A summary of that schedule follows:

	 Buo	lge	t				Variance	
	 Original	Final			Actual	with Final		
<b>Revenues and Transfers In</b>								
Taxes	\$ 22,453,384	\$	22,453,384	\$	22,885,761	\$	432,377	
Intergovernmental	15,738,640		15,738,640		16,451,193		712,553	
Other	4,567,508		4,567,508		6,242,384		1,674,876	
Transfers In	 863,000		863,000		<u>151,985</u>		<u>(711,015</u> )	
Total	43,622,532		43,622,532		45,731,323		2,108,791	
Expenditures and Transfers Out								
Expenditures	42,147,514		42,147,514		38,530,429		3,617,085	
Transfers Out	 6,096,806		6,096,806		5,239,420		<u>857,386</u>	
Total	 48,244,320		48,244,320	43,769,849			4,474,471	
Change in Fund Balance	\$ (4,621,788)	\$	(4,621,788)	\$	1,961,474	\$	6,583,262	

General Fund tax revenues exceed expectations because of an unanticipated surge in sales tax collections. Intergovernmental revenues increased as state sales tax increased by 7.8%, far outpacing its expected 1% growth. Also notable is growth in building permits and related revenues. The jump in these fees is an indicator of the substantial construction activity throughout the city.

Expenditures for the fund came in at \$3.6 million under budget with General Government producing \$1.8 million of the savings and Public Safety adding just over \$1 million. The General Government savings were realized through unexpended Community Investment Trust monies and by delayed project expenditures in the Information Technology Department. Public Safety savings occurred mostly in the Police Department through a combination of payroll-related attrition savings and a one-year reduction in the employer pension rate in the Arizona Public Safety Retirement System. The remaining savings occur because city departments rarely spend up to their respective budgets, primarily due to personnel attrition and the like.

The chart shows no change in budgetary amounts; however, with the City Administrator's ability to transfer appropriations within a fund, some changes in budget between departments occurred during the year. In each case, the transfers of budgetary authority were minor. Overall, expenditures remained below budgeted amounts, with no department exceeding its annual appropriation.

## CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2004, the City of Yuma's investment in capital assets in both governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$300 million, net of depreciation. This includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (roadways and bridges). Capital assets for governmental activities increased by 10.3% while business-type capital assets increased 35%. These changes included the following:

- Land purchases for governmental activities amounted to \$2 million for right-of-way for the Avenue A street widening project.
- Construction continued on the new East Mesa water treatment plant.
- Construction on the new East Mesa wastewater plant continued.
- Renovation of the Yuma Theater and construction of the Art Center were completed.
- Infrastructure additions are primarily for street construction by subdivision developers.

	Change in Capital Assets													
	(In Millions)													
		Gov	ernn	nental Activ	vitie	es	Business-type Activities							Total
		July 1, 2003		Additions/		June 30, 2004	July 1, 2003			let Additions/ Deletions	/ June 30, 2004			
Land	\$	11.6	\$	2.0	\$	13.6	\$	1.2	9	\$-	\$	1.2	\$	14.8
Buildings		56.3		1.5		57.8		8.0		-		8.0		65.8
Improvements		16.7		2.5		19.2		123.7		8.0		131.7		150.9
Infrastructure		121.2		6.1		127.3		-		-		-		127.3
Equipment		31.7		1.0		32.7		3.0		0.1		3.1		35.8
Construction in Progress		14.9		10.9		25.8		14.5		31.4		45.9		71.7
Accumulated Depreciation		(98.6)		(8.1)		(106.7)		(54.0)	) _	<u>(5.7</u> )		(59.7)		(166.4)
Total	\$	153.8	\$	15.9	\$	169.7	\$	96.4	-	<u>\$ 33.8</u>	\$	130.2	\$	299.9

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note III-E starting on page 45.

## **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's long-term debt increased by a net of \$25.1 million, as noted below. The increases in debt for the fiscal year were related primarily to acquisition of capital assets through the issuance of long-term contracts payable and improvement bonds payable, as follow:

- The City created Improvement District 67 and issued \$7,280,000 in improvement bonds for construction of public improvements near the new Yuma Palms Regional Center.
- An additional \$23 million from the Water Infrastructure Financing Authority was incurred in the continuing construction of the water and wastewater plants on the East Mesa.

In each case, payments were made on the contracts during the fiscal year.

The state limits the amount a municipality may issue in general obligation debt to 20% of the City's secondary assessed valuation for combined water, wastewater, artificial light, parks, open space preserves, playgrounds and recreational facilities. Debt related to other projects is limited to 6% of the valuation. The current debt limitation for the former type is \$64.5 million, well above the outstanding general obligation debt. No debt is outstanding for the other type of issuance. Because all the general obligation debt is related to the water system, and because water revenues are used to pay the debt service requirements of the issues, no secondary property taxes are assessed by the City for debt service.

The City's recently issued improvement district bonds were rated by Fitch Ratings as "A". All other bond issues have been upgraded to a "A+" rating by Fitch. The General Obligation Bonds and the MPC Bonds are rated "A" by Moody's Investor Services. Standard and Poors also rate the GO bonds "A". With the exception of the improvement district bonds, all City bond issues ultimately enjoy a "AAA" rating as a result of insurance coverage.

A summary of the City's long-term debt follows. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note III-H on pages 48-51.

			ebt							
	Gov	ernn	nental		Busine	ss-ty				
	a	activities				rities	6	Total		
	2004	2004 2003		2004		2003		2004	2003	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ ·		\$-	\$	10.5	\$	11.4	\$ 10.5	\$11.4	
Yuma Municipal Property										
Corporation Bonds	63	4	67.4		-		-	63.4	67.4	
Improvement District	7	3	-		-		-	7.3	-	
Contracts Payable	2	5	3.3		33.8		10.4	36.3	13.7	
Compensated Absences	2	1	2.0		-		-	2.1	2.0	
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 75</u>	3	<u>\$ 72.7</u>	\$	44.3	\$	21.8	<u>\$119.6</u>	<u>\$94.5</u>	

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

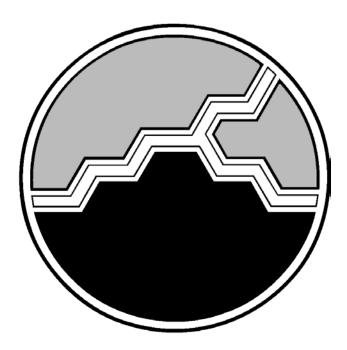
Yuma County is one of the fastest growing areas in the nation and the City of Yuma represents just under 50% of the county's population. Since 1990, the City has grown by 46% to an estimated 83,330 at July 1, 2003, the most recent numbers available. The City's economy is based on a triad of agriculture, tourism and military/government spending. Agriculture continues to lead the economy, now contributing more than \$1 billion annually. The area's 85,000-plus winter visitors add \$450 million to the mix, while military/government spending infuses some \$300 million to the economy.

Property taxes are limited constitutionally in Arizona, so other local revenues make up the most significant reflectors of the condition of the economy. Sales tax, the City's primary source of general revenues, posted a dramatic 12% increase this year, surpassing its historic growth rate of 7%. This compared to a lesser increase in the large metropolitan areas of the state, Yuma's steady growth is positive. For fiscal year 2005, revenues were projected using a conservative 5% growth in sales taxes.

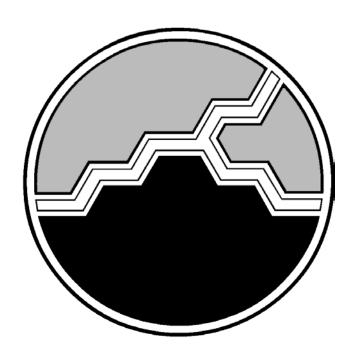
Not all economic statistics reflect positive results; however, in that the City continues to suffer higher unemployment figures than most of the state. Hovering under 10% during the winter crop growing season, the rate surges into the 20% range for the summer, because of lower agriculture employment. To combat this problem, the City helps to support the Greater Yuma Economic Development Corporation in its activities to encourage new employers to the area.

## CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to familiarize our citizens, taxpayers and customers with the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's fiscal accountability for its operations. Questions concerning this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be directed to Mr. Donald (Pat) Wicks, Finance Director, One City Plaza, PO Box 13012, Yuma, AZ 85366-3012, telephone (928) 373-5087. The reader may also visit the City's website at <u>www.ci.yuma.az.us</u> for an electronic version of this report.



## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **City of Yuma, Arizona** Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2004

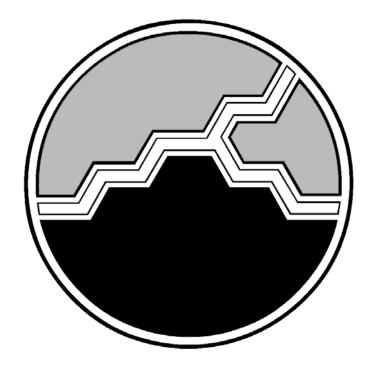
<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and Investments Receivables, Net Internal Balances Inventory, at cost Prepaid Items Deferred Charges Capital Assets, Net Total Assets and Other Debits	\$ 65,953,318 7,967,005 (147,480) 448,548 69,873 - - 169,695,385 243,986,649	\$ 33,925,966 3,697,579 147,480 139,139 19,282 129,471 130,220,715 168,279,632	\$ 99,879,284 11,664,584 - 587,687 89,155 129,471 299,916,100 412,266,281
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Accrued Interest Payable Deferred Revenue Long-Term Debt: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total Liabilities	3,271,680 3,215,101 1,491,321 10,065,550 3,812,000 71,378,827 93,234,479	5,235,714 553,197 656,068 77,232 1,316,400 42,638,118 50,476,729	8,507,394 3,768,298 2,147,389 10,142,782 5,128,400 <u>114,016,945</u> 143,711,208
<u>Net Assets</u>			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted Total Net Assets	95,004,558 55,747,612 \$ 150,752,170	86,266,197 31,536,706 \$ 117,802,903	181,270,755 87,284,318 \$ 268,555,073

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# **City of Yuma, Arizona** Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

					,	Expense) Revenue	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	es Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	hanges in Net Asse Business-type Activities	Total
Government Activities: General Government Public Safety Streets Parks, Recreation	\$     7,058,809 26,988,073 8,654,099	3 2,175,893	\$ 31,059 1,294,397 -	\$- 2,458,321 -	\$ (5,851,564) (21,059,462) (8,654,095)	\$ - - -	\$ (5,851,564) (21,059,462) (8,654,095)
and Culture Environmental Health	9,474,814		21,596	-	(8,577,817)	-	(8,577,817)
and Protection Community Design	2,994,063	3 1,694,941	349,794	979,607	30,279	-	30,279
and Development Interest on Long-Term	5,550,562	3,230,174	1,593,050	264,834	(462,504)	-	(462,504)
Debt	2,971,917	7			(2,971,917)		(2,971,917)
Total Governmental Activities	63,692,329	9,152,591	3,289,896	3,702,762	(47,547,080)		(47,547,080)
Business-type Activities: Water	10 994 220	9 11,132,788		4,089,497		4,338,046	4 228 046
Wastewater	10,884,239 7,341,094		-	4,833,686	-	5,183,204	4,338,046 5,183,204
Golf Courses	2,493,252	2 2,285,185				(208,067)	(208,067)
Total Business-type							
Activities	20,718,58	5 21,108,585		8,923,183		9,313,183	9,313,183
Total	<u>\$ 84,410,914</u>	<u>\$ 30,261,176</u>	<u>\$ 3,289,896</u>	<u>\$ 12,625,945</u>	(47,547,080)	9,313,183	(38,233,897)
	General Reven Property taxe Sales taxes Franchise tax Shared rever Grants and c	es nues			5,952,927 28,528,841 1,935,952 24,021,381		5,952,927 28,528,841 1,935,952 24,021,381
		ed to specific prog	rams		5,198,434	-	5,198,434
	Unrestricted i	nvestment earning	gs		292,259	125,389	417,648
	Total gener	al revenues			65,929,794	125,389	66,055,183
	Gain from sale	of fixed assets			920,401	-	920,401
	Transfers				(473,254)	473,254	
	0	al revenues and t	ransfers		66,376,941	598,643	66,975,584
	Change in net				18,829,861	9,911,826	28,741,687
	Net assets-beg	-			131,922,309	107,891,077	239,813,386
	Net assets-end	ing			\$ 150,752,170	<u>\$ 117,802,903</u>	<u>\$ 268,555,073</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### City of Yuma, Arizona Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

	June 3	0, 2004											
							Major Special Revenue Funds						
				Highway		City							
				Users		Road							
Assets		General		Revenue		Tax		Grants					
<u>A00010</u>													
Cash and Investments	\$	17,168,850	\$	5,013,565	\$	3,976,667	\$	-					
Cash with Fiscal Agents		-	·	-	·	, ,		-					
Receivables, Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles:													
Accounts Receivable		267,867		258		-		-					
Intergovernmental		2,494,459		653,980		725,679		615,664					
Special Assessments		20,169		_		-		-					
Delinquent Property Taxes		223,534		-		-		-					
Accrued Interest		56,234		18,945		11,009		2,755					
Due from Other Funds		729,136		-		-		-					
Inventory, at cost		86,066		-		-		-					
Prepaid Items		15,290		635		-		-					
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	21,061,605	\$	5,687,383	\$	4,713,355	\$	618,419					
Liabilities and Fund Balances													
Accounts Payable	\$	887,501	\$	150,170	\$	6,447	\$	161,923					
Accrued Payroll, Taxes and Benefits Payable		2,287,496		209,618		11,171		8,843					
Long-Term Debt - Current Portion		-		-		500,000		-					
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		27,812					
Accrued Interest Payable		-		-		13,252		-					
Deposits		116,857		-		-		-					
Deferred Revenue		232,379		300		168,972		412,976					
Total Liabilities		3,524,233		360,088		699,842		611,554					
Fund Balance:													
Reserved for:													
Inventory		86,066		-		-		-					
Prepaid Items		15,290		635		-		-					
Unreserved:		,											
Designated for Uncompleted Projects		-		-		-		-					
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		1,429,769		81,422		-		-					
Designated for Future Community Improvements		797,224		-		-		-					
Undesignated, reported in:		,											
General Fund		15,209,023											
Special Revenue Funds		-		5,245,238		4,013,513		6,865					
Total Fund Balances		17,537,372		5,327,295		4,013,513		6,865					
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	21,061,605	\$	5,687,383	\$	4,713,355	\$	618,419					
	φ	21,001,000	φ	5,007,505	φ	<del>-</del> ,/10,000	ψ	010,419					

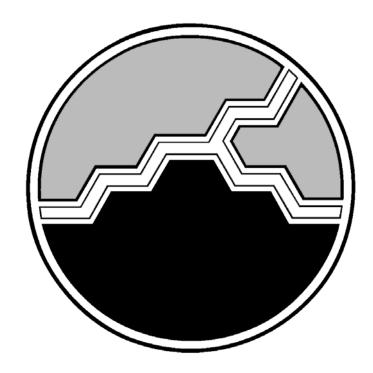
	ommunity evelopment	De	ebt Service	 Capital Projects	Other Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
\$	13,770	\$	89,808 4,402,757	\$ 15,988,322 -	\$ 3,743,890 -	\$ 45,994,872 4,402,757
	1,564,357		-	52,228	265,709	2,150,419
	137,706		-	410,000	308,101	5,345,589
	-		-	-	-	20,169
	-		-	-	-	223,534
	-		-	8,262	16,025	113,230
	-		-	-	156,210	885,346
	-		-	-	9,014	95,080
	-		-	52,500	890	69,315
\$	1,715,833	\$	4,492,565	\$ 16,511,312	\$ 4,499,839	\$ 59,300,311
\$	69,911	\$	25	\$ 1,615,318	\$ 192,799	\$ 3,084,094
	11,475		-	-	83,217	2,611,820
			3,020,000	-	-	3,520,000
	68,591		-	-	132,130	228,533
	-		1,472,540	-	-	1,485,792
	4 505 050		-	19,685	-	136,542
<u> </u>	1,565,856		-	 7,903,354	 21,453	10,305,290
	1,715,833		4,492,565	 9,538,357	 429,599	21,372,071
	-		-	-	9,014	95,080
	-		-	52,500	890	69,315
	-		-	6,920,455	-	6,920,455
	-		-	-	44,600	1,555,791
	-		-	-	-	797,224
						15,209,023
	-		-	 -	 4,015,736	13,281,352
	-		-	 6,972,955	 4,070,240	37,928,240
\$	1,715,833	\$	4,492,565	\$ 16,511,312	\$ 4,499,839	\$ 59,300,311

### City of Yuma, Arizona

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total Fund Balances per the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds:	\$	37,928,240
Property taxes receivable that are not financial resources are not reported in the funds.		4,566
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		159,639,618
Property tax revenue deferred to later years recognized in year levied in governmental activities.		239,740
Interest payments accrued in government-wide statements not recorded until payment governmental activities.	t in	(5,529)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences Contracts payable MPC bonds payable Improvement District #67 Unamortized deferred costs		(2,074,331) (2,015,000) (60,420,000) (7,280,000) 118,502
Net assets of internal service funds that are used by management to charge the cos of equipment replacement and employee-related insurance to individual funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		24,616,363
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	150,752,170



### City of Yuma, Arizona

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Major	Spe	cial Revenue	Fun	lds
	General	Highway User Revenue		City Road Tax		Grants
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 22,885,761	\$ -	\$	7,423,730	\$	-
Licenses and Permits	3,016,094	-		-		-
Intergovernmental	16,451,193	7,198,891		-		5,169,554
Charges for Services	1,851,862	-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures	725,948	-		-		-
Use of Money and Property	217,270	26,621		15,553		5,626
Contributions and Donations	-	_		_		7,732
Miscellaneous	85,809	21,840		68,233		-
Total Revenues	 45,233,937	 7,247,352		7,507,516		5,182,912
Expenditures:						
Current:	= 400 000					
General Government	5,408,820	-		-		-
Public Safety	23,622,697	783,718		-		1,269,025
Streets	-	4,195,398		571,720		-
Parks, Recreation and Culture Environmental Health	5,383,388	-		-		21,704
and Protection	194,139	16,122		-		303,730
Community Design						
and Development	3,667,833	-		-		31,047
Capital Outlay	233,552	22,476		-		52,294
Debt Service						
Principal	20,000	-		700,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	 -	 		38,034		
Total Expenditures	 38,530,429	 5,017,714		1,309,754		1,677,800
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	6,703,508	2,229,638		6,197,762		3,505,112
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):						
Proceeds From Long-Term Debt	-	-		-		-
Sale of Real Property	345,401	-		-		-
Transfers In	151,985	16,124		-		-
Transfers Out	 (5,239,420)	 (1,797,194)		(4,902,060)		(3,506,915)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	 (4,742,034)	 (1,781,070)		(4,902,060)		(3,506,915)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,961,474	448,568		1,295,702		(1,803)
Fund Balances - Beginning	 15,575,898	 4,878,727		2,717,811		8,668
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 17,537,372	\$ 5,327,295	\$	4,013,513	\$	6,865

\$	- ,758,693 - -	\$	-	\$			Total Governmental Funds				
1	,758,693 - -	-	-		-	\$ 6,101,538	\$	36,411,029			
1	,758,693 - -	-			-	-		3,016,094			
	-	-	-		31,059	431,754		31,041,144			
	-		-		364,789	1,688,146		3,904,797			
	-	-	-		-	-		725,948			
			199		391,531	497,037		1,153,837			
	165 050	-	-		-	25,620		33,352			
	165,858		-		96,872	 41,534		480,146			
1	<u>,924,551</u>		<u>199</u>		884,251	 8,785,629		76,766,347			
	-	-	-		-	-		5,408,820			
	-	-	-		-	76,188		25,751,628			
	-	-	-		-	-		4,767,118			
	-	-	-		-	2,422,970		7,828,062			
	-		-		-	2,547,728		3,061,719			
1	,437,887	-	-		-	291,942		5,428,709			
	-	-	-	19	9,140,379	207,319		19,656,020			
	85,000	3,020,	000		-	-		3,825,000			
	14,013	2,909,	717		-	-		2,961,764			
1	,536,900	5,929,	717	19	9,140,379	 5,546,147		78,688,840			
	387,651	(5,929,	518)	(18	3,256,128)	3,239,482		(1,922,493)			
	_	-	_	7	7,280,000	_		7,280,000			
	575,000	-	-		-	-		920,401			
	-	5,929,	397	12	2,794,044	2,717,144		21,608,694			
	(962,651)	-	-		(812,175)	(4,861,533)		(22,081,948)			
	(387,651)	5,929,	397	19	9,261,869	 (2,144,389)		7,727,147			
	-		121)	1	1,005,741	 1,095,093		5,804,654			
	_		121	5	5,967,214	 2,975,147		32,123,586			
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6	6,972,955	\$ 4,070,240	\$	37,928,240			

### City of Yuma, Arizona

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 5,804,654
A portion of property tax revenues recorded on the statement of activities does not provide current financial resources and are not recorded as revenues in the funds	(10,770)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation	
Depreciation recorded in statement of activities	(7,093,316)
Capital outlay expenditures reported as additions to assets: Capital outlay expenditures-governmental funds	19,656,020
Infrastructure maintenance expenditures recorded as capital outlay but not capitalized as asset additions	(1,498,548)
Governmental funds report debt principal service payments as expenditures. The reduction in liability is recorded on the statement of net assets in the government-wide statements	3,825,000
Increase in compensated absences expense not recorded in governmental funds	(93,948)
Contribution of net assets of governmental activities related to creation of Internal Service Fund-Equipment Maintenance	(255,534)
Long-term debt proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in governmental funds	(7,280,000)
Investment earnings of the internal service funds are general revenues on the statement of activities	103,571
Interest payments accrued in government-wide statements are not recorded in governmental activities until paid	(10,153)
Net revenues of internal service funds in excess of expenses reduce governmental activities expenses on the statement of activities	484,451
Contributions of infrastructure assets are not recorded as revenues in the governmental funds	5,198,434
Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$ 18,829,861</u>

# City of Yuma, Arizona Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

	June 30, 20	Governmental					
	Busir	ness-Type Activ	ities-Enterprise	e Funds	Activities		
	Water	Wastewater	Other		Internal Service		
Assets	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Funds		
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,915,231	\$ 5,351,650	\$ 132,682	\$ 15,399,563	\$ 15,555,689		
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:	0 000 400	4 959 774	4 407		10,100		
Accounts Receivable	2,022,409	1,053,774	4,407	3,080,590	48,168		
Intergovernmental	508	507,522	633 546	508,663	62		
Accrued Interest Inventory, at cost	29,394 65,428	3,484	546 73,711	33,424 139,139	61,269 353,468		
Prepaid Expenses	15,242	- 950	3,090	19,282	558		
Total Current Assets	12,048,212	6,917,380	215,069	19,180,661	16,019,214		
Restricted Assets:	12,040,212	0,917,500	215,009	19,100,001	10,013,214		
Cash and Investments:							
Current Debt Service	1,198,785	-	_	1,198,785	-		
Advancement for Future Expansion	1,084,180	15,975,623	-	17,059,803	-		
Customer Deposits	267,815	-	-	267,815	-		
Receivables:							
Accrued Interest	22,513	52,389	-	74,902	-		
Total Restricted Assets	2,573,293	16,028,012	-	18,601,305	-		
Capital Assets:				<u>,                                 </u>			
Land	1,043,951	127,079	-	1,171,030	219,610		
Buildings	2,911,198	1,931,133	3,102,865	7,945,196	19,251		
Improvements Other than Buildings	76,482,580	52,210,924	3,015,667	131,709,171	-		
Equipment	1,687,256	1,188,589	263,618	3,139,463	21,751,249		
Gross Capital Assets	82,124,985	55,457,725	6,382,150	143,964,860	21,990,110		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	35,800,191	21,373,037	2,529,515	59,702,743	11,934,343		
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation	46,324,794	34,084,688	3,852,635	84,262,117	10,055,767		
Construction In Progress	16,543,640	29,414,501	457	45,958,598			
Total Capital Assets	62,868,434	63,499,189	3,853,092	130,220,715	10,055,767		
Other Assets:							
Deferred Charges	129,471	-	-	129,471	-		
Total Assets	77,619,410	86,444,581	4,068,161	168,132,152	26,074,981		
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets:							
Accounts Payable	1,682,079	3,240,897	44,923	4,967,899	51,044		
Accrued Payroll and Related Taxes	251,992	205,645	95,560	553,197	76,790		
Current Portion-Long-Term Contracts-Principal	84,347	-	-	84,347	-		
Current Portion-Bonds Payable	232,500	-	-	232,500	-		
Estimated Claims and Judgements	-	-	-	-	526,491		
Due to Other Funds	-	-	156,210	156,210	500,603		
Accrued Interest Payable	83,852	10,340	-	94,192	-		
Deferred Revenue	-	-	44,894	44,894	-		
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets	2,334,770	3,456,882	341,587	6,133,239	1,154,928		
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:							
Deposits	267,815	-	-	267,815	-		
Deferred Revenue	-	32,338	-	32,338	-		
Current Portion-Long-Term Contracts-Principal	302,053	-		302,053			
Current Portion-Long-Term Contracts-Interest Current Portion-Bonds Payable	59,642 697,500	300,645	_	360,287 697,500	-		
Accrued Interest Payable	201,589	-	-	201,589	-		
-	1,528,599	332,983		1,861,582			
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets Long-Term Liabilities:	1,520,599			1,001,502			
Long-Term Contracts Payable	5,917,699	27,482,038		33,399,737			
•	9,238,381	27,402,030	-	9,238,381	-		
Bonds Payable	15,156,080	27,482,038		42,638,118			
Total Long-Term Liabilities					- 1 154 029		
Total Liabilities	19,019,449	31,271,903	341,587	50,632,939	1,154,928		
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	46,395,954	36,017,151	3,853,092	86,266,197	10,055,767		
Unrestricted	12,204,007	19,155,527	(126,518)	31,233,016	14,864,286		
Total Net Assets	\$ 58,599,961	\$ 55,172,678	\$ 3,726,574	117,499,213	\$ 24,920,053		
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund				303,690	ψ 27,320,033		
-		to enterprise it					
Net assets of business-type activities The accompanying notes are an integral part of these final				<u>\$ 117,802,903</u>			

#### City of Yuma, Arizona Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

\_

9,911,828

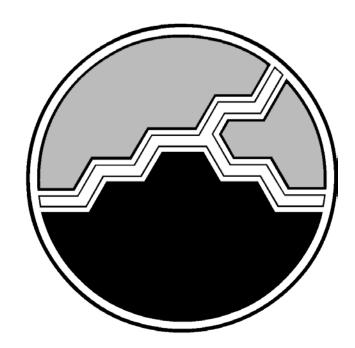
. .

	Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds									overnmental Activities
		Water Fund		Nastewater Fund		Other Funds		Totals	Inte	ernal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:										
Metered Water Sales	\$	10,481,236	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,481,236	\$	-
Commercial Raw Water		216,789	,	-		-	•	216,789	,	-
Wastewater Charges		-		7,612,688		-		7,612,688		-
Meters, Connections				.,,				.,,		
and Services		289,482		69,410		_		358,892		_
Green Fees and Concessions		-		-		1,992,041		1,992,041		_
Equipment Rental		_		-		288,511		288,511		2,348,767
Miscellaneous Charges		5,673		-		-		5,673		7,817,737
Total Operating Revenues		10,993,180		7,682,098		2,280,552		20,955,830		10,166,504
Total Operating Revenues		10,993,100		7,002,090		2,200,332		20,933,030		10,100,304
Operating Expenses:										
Operations and Maintenance		6,777,258		4,848,910		2,218,024		13,844,192		7,935,291
Depreciation and Amortization		3,463,831		2,098,656		283,957		5,846,444		2,015,034
Total Operating Expenses		10,241,089		6,947,566		2,501,981		19,690,636		9,950,325
				0,0,000				,		0,000,020
Operating Income/(Loss)		752,091		734,532		(221,429)		1,265,194		216,179
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):										
Interest		53,980		70,969		440		125,389		103,571
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets		(2,208)		70,000		-+0		(2,208)		106,926
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		(678,108)		(441,815)		(6)		(1,119,929)		100,920
Miscellaneous Revenues		139,608		8,514		4,633		152,755		-
		133,000		0,014		4,000		152,755		
Total Non-Operating		(406 700)		(362,332)		E 067		(042 002)		210 407
Revenues/(Expenses)		(486,728)		(302,332)		5,067		(843,993)		210,497
Income/(Loss) before Contributions										
and Transfers		265,363		372,200		(216,362)		421,201		426,676
		,		- ,		( - , ,		, -		-,
Capital Contributions		4,089,497		4,833,686		-		8,923,183		255,534
Transfers In		-		561,909		233,340		795,249		-
Transfers Out		(62,042)		(26,613)		(233,340)		(321,995)		-
								/		
Change in Net Assets		4,292,818		5,741,182		(216,362)		9,817,638		682,210
Net Assets - Beginning	_	54,307,143	_	49,431,496		3,942,936				24,237,843
Net Assets - Ending	\$	58,599,961	\$	55,172,678	<u>\$</u>	3,726,574			\$	24,920,053
Adjustment for consolidation of internal s	ervio	ce fund activiti	ies ı	related to ente	erpr	rise funds		94,190		
							•			

Net assets of business-type activities \$

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

F	For the Year Ended June 30, 2004								Go	vernmental
		Bus	sine	ss-Type Activi	ties	s-Enterprise F	unc	ds		Activities
		Water Fund	١	Wastewater Fund		Other Funds		Totals	Inte	rnal Service Funds
Cash Flow from Operating Activities:										
Cash Received from Customers	\$	10,672,018		7,533,255	\$	2,285,757		20,491,030	\$	10,071,808
Cash Paid to Employees Cash Paid to Suppliers		(2,463,420) (4,288,031)		(1,900,069) (2,960,675)		(981,131) (1,274,564)		(5,344,620) (8,523,270)		(829,830) (311,770)
Other Operating Activity Revenue		139,609		8,514		4,633		152,756		(7,044,826)
Net Cash Provided by				_						
Operating Activities		4,060,175		2,681,025		34,695		6,775,895		1,885,382
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:										
Cash Received from Other Funds		-		566,519		233,340		799,859		165,000
Cash Paid to Other Funds Net Cash Provided by/(Used for)		(62,042)		(26,613)		(237,955)		(326,610)		320,603
Noncapital Financing Activities		(62,042)		539,906		(4,615)		473,249		485,603
Cash Flow from Capital and Related										
Financing Acitivities:										
Contributions of Capital		2,826,218		3,878,964		-		6,705,182		-
Acquisition and Construction of Assets		(10,989,863)		(22,837,735)		(28,074)		(33,855,672)		(1,779,243)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Principal Payments on Bonds		- (493,600)		-		-		- (493,600)		110,346
WIFA - Contracted Loan		2,221,158		20,770,389		-		22,991,547		-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fee Payments	_	(675,328)	_	(194,958)		-	_	(870,286)		-
Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(7,111,415)		1,616,660		(28,074)		(5,522,829)		(1,668,897)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		40 704		04.050		440		445 000		07.057
Receipt of Interest Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	—	49,721 49,721		64,856 64,856		449		115,026 115,026		97,857 97,857
		10,121		01,000				110,020		01,001
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(3,063,560)		4,902,447		2,455		1,841,342		799,945
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		15,529,571		16,424,825		130,228		32,084,624		14,755,743
	<u>۴</u>	<u> </u>	<u>۴</u>		¢		<u></u>		¢	15,555,688
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	φ	12,466,011	\$	21,327,272	\$	132,683	\$	33,925,966	\$	15,555,066
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	¢	750.004	۴	704 500	¢	(004 407)	¢	4 005 400	¢	040 470
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	752,091	\$	734,532	\$	(221,427)	\$	1,265,196	Ф	216,179
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) Depreciation and Amortization Expense		3,463,832		2,098,657		283,957		5,846,445		2,015,034
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivables		(378,264)		(195,509)		2,077		(571,696)		(36,671)
Decrease in Inventories		2,337		-		10,885		13,222		(353,468)
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Items		(2,377)		(888)		1,107		(2,158)		(558)
Increase in Accounts Payable Increase in Accrued Wages		18,532		16,455		14,438		49,425		(83,068)
and Taxes Payable		21,727		21,189		1,164		44,080		76,790
Increase/(Decrease) in Claims Incurred but Not Reported		-		-		(65,357)		(65,357)		51,146
Increase/(Decrease) in Customer Deposits		42,688 139,609		(1,925) 8,514		3,218 4,633		43,981 152,756		-
Other Operating Activity Revenue Total Adjustments		3,308,084		1,946,493		256,122		5,510,699		1,669,205
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	4,060,175	\$	2,681,025	\$	34,695	\$	6,775,895	\$	1,885,384
Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Position										
Purchase of Assets with Vendor Provided Financing	\$	1,322,317	\$	3,025,058	\$	-	\$	4,347,375	\$	6,622
Contributions of Fixed Assets	Ψ	1,263,279	Ψ	954,722	Ψ		Ψ	2,218,001	¥	-
Total Noncash Transactions Affecting	*	0 505 505	*	0.070	*		*	0 505 0-5	¢	
Financial Position	\$	2,585,596	\$	3,979,779	\$	-	\$	6,565,375	\$	6,622
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these fina	un oir	al etatomonto								



For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Yuma (City) was incorporated April 14, 1914 under Arizona Revised Statute Chapter 9, Section 101, and adopted its first charter on June 11, 1914. The City presently operates under a charter that was last amended on January 2, 2002. The Charter provides for a Council-Manager form of government and provides such services as are authorized by the Charter. Among these services are general government services, public safety (police and fire), parks, recreation, culture, streets, environmental health and protection, and community design and development.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. With respect to proprietary activities, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*. The City has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal entity governed by an elected mayor and council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City, the primary government. The component units presented have a June 30 year-end.

#### Blended Component Units

**Yuma Municipal Property Corporation.** The Yuma Municipal Property Corporation's board members are appointed by the City Council. The Corporation was formed to finance the acquisition of certain improvements such as the Yuma Civic and Convention Center, Baseball Complex and Desert Hills Golf Course. The Corporation was also used to finance the acquisition of three public safety buildings, (the police headquarters, a fire station and the Municipal Court facility) and Public Works facilities, along with a clubhouse for the municipal golf course and the new Municipal Complex. The Corporation conducts no business other than with the City and that business is solely the retirement of debt related to the aforementioned acquisitions. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the City of Yuma, City Clerk's Office, One City Plaza, PO Box 13012, Yuma, AZ 85366-3012.

**City of Yuma Employee Benefits Trust.** The City of Yuma Employee Benefits Trust is responsible for providing health insurance for the City employees. The City Council appoints the Trust's Board of Directors. The Trust provides services entirely to the City and therefore has been included as an Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 1997 in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the City of Yuma Employee Benefit Trust's administrative offices, One City Plaza, PO Box 13012, Yuma, AZ 85366-3012.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements report financial information on all the activities of the City of Yuma and its component units. These financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, a statement showing changes in net assets. Most interfund activities have been removed from these statements to avoid duplicating the information with some exceptions such as proprietary fund sales to governmental funds (i.e., water bills paid by a governmental fund). Eliminating these transactions would distort both the measurement of income generated in serving proprietary customers as well as the direct cost of governmental functions serving the citizenry. In these government-wide statements, governmental activities,

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are separated from business-type activities that rely on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities presents direct expenses of a given function or segment and the degree to which these expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who use or directly benefit from the services of the function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to the operational or capital needs of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues that are identifiable with a particular function or segment are reported as general revenues.

In addition to government-wide presentations, fund financial statements are provided for all governmental and proprietary funds. The financial statements are segregated by their respective significance to City operations with individual major governmental and proprietary funds separated from nonmajor funds (aggregate nonmajor financial activity is reported as a column on the major funds presentation for both governmental and proprietary funds). The City uses GASB Statement No. 34 to determine which funds are to be presented as major funds. In addition to those minimum requirements, the City will, from time to time, include within its major funds presentations other funds, that because of their significance preclude aggregate reporting outside the basic financial statements.

The City of Yuma reports the following funds:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those for which another fund is required or used.

<u>Highway User Revenue Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of the state-shared Highway User Revenue Fund (primarily gas tax) for maintenance and construction of roadways.

<u>City Road Tax Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the collection and expenditure of a local one-half percent transaction privilege tax approved by voters in 1994 for maintenance and construction of roadways. While some operating expenditures related to retention basins are recorded within the fund, most revenues are eventually transferred to the Capital Projects Fund where construction expenditures for roadways are recorded.

<u>Grant Fund</u> - The Grant Fund accounts for all of the federal and state grants provided to the City with the exception of the Community Development Block Grant.

<u>Community Redevelopment Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the financial activities of Community Development Block Grant funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for expenditures to service the debt of the City of Yuma Municipal Property Corporation, a blended component unit, and Special Assessment Improvement Districts. Pledged excise tax and other revenues are transferred to this fund along with property owner's revenue for payments of long-term bonded debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the expenditure of monies for purchase or construction of long-lived capital assets including land and buildings and streets infrastructure.

<u>Other Governmental Funds</u> – Other nonmajor governmental funds of the City of Yuma are aggregated and are presented in a combining statement in the Other Supplementary Information section. These include the Local Transportation Assistance; Public Safety Tax; Solid Waste; Recreation Complex; Two Percent Tax; and Yuma Mall Maintenance Special Revenue Fund.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Water Fund</u> – The operations of the City's drinking water treatment and distribution system are accounted for in this enterprise fund.

<u>Wastewater Fund</u> – This enterprise fund accounts for the City's wastewater collection and treatment system.

<u>Other Enterprise Funds</u> – Other nonmajor enterprise funds of the City of Yuma are aggregated along with the major enterprise funds and are also presented in a combining statement in the Other Supplementary Information section. These funds include the Desert Hills Golf Course and Arroyo Dunes Golf Course Funds.

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. They are also presented in the aggregate with major enterprise funds and are included in a combining internal service fund presentation in the Other Supplementary Information section. Because they service primarily governmental funds, they are not included within the business-type activities of the Statement of Net Assets. Rather, they are combined with the governmental activities on that statement. Moreover, because of their essentially duplicative nature in accounting for their operations (revenues of the internal service funds are expenses of the operating funds), the operations of the internal service funds have been eliminated from the operations of the Statement of Activities. Internal service funds include the Equipment Replacement, Equipment Maintenance, Workers Compensation and Employee Benefits Trust Funds.

#### C. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met and the underlying expenses have been recorded.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable *and* available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (within 60 days). Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. Exceptions include debt service expenditures (recorded when the payment is due) and compensated absences (recorded when earned exclusive of long-term portions not expected to be paid within one year).

Property taxes, along with franchise taxes, licenses and sales taxes are susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of the fiscal year, but which were levied to finance operations of the subsequent fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and similar awards received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the governmental fund financial statements. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received.

Proprietary funds classify revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses relate to the fund's ongoing operations in providing goods and services. Operating revenues for the City's proprietary funds are customer charges for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales or services, administrative expenses and depreciation. All other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

1) The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

- i. On or before the first Monday in June, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- ii. Two public hearings are held prior to the budget's final adoption in order to obtain taxpayer comments.
- iii. On or before the third Monday in August, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- iv. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Administrator may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a fund. Upon written request by the City Administrator, the Council may, by ordinance, transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one fund to another.
- v. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all funds with legally adopted budgets (only the Workers Compensation and Employee Benefits Trust Internal Services Funds are not budgeted). Appropriations not expended at fiscal year end lapse.
- vi. Budgetary amounts include those as originally adopted, and as amended by Council or City Administrator through the end of the fiscal year. Arizona State Statute does not allow supplemental budgets.
- vii. Expenditures incurred during the fiscal year may not legally exceed the publicly published budget. The maximum legal expenditure permitted for the fiscal year is the total adopted budget.
- 2) Budgetary Reporting and Budgetary Basis of Accounting:

The City has opted to display budgetary information schedules in a manner similar to its adopted budget; therefore, the information is displayed outside its basic financial statements. Budgetary comparisons are presented for the General Fund and the major Special Revenue Funds in the Required Supplementary Information section. Budgetary comparisons for the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the nonmajor governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented in the Other Supplementary Information sections. For proprietary funds, the budgetary comparison includes reconciliation to the accrual-based operating statements.

The budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the exception of the Enterprise Funds and for Internal Service Funds for which budgets are adopted. For these funds, expenditures related to debt service and to capital acquisition are budgeted in the same manner as governmental funds. Depreciation is not budgeted.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity Disclosures

1) Transactions between Funds:

Interfund transactions consisting of identified services performed for other funds or costs billed to other funds are treated as expenditures in the fund receiving the services and as a reimbursement reducing expenditures in the fund performing the services. Exceptions to this include: (1) sales of water and wastewater treatment are treated as revenue by the Enterprise Fund, and in-lieu property taxes are recorded as revenues in the General Fund and expenses in the Enterprise Funds; (2) operating transfers are made in certain other funds to shift resources from a fund legally required to receive revenue to a fund authorized to expend the revenue; and (3) charges for services of the Internal Service Funds are recorded as expenditures in the funds receiving the service. For purposes of government-wide presentation, these latter transactions are eliminated.

2) Cash and Investments:

Cash balances of the City's funds are pooled and invested by the City. The policy of the City is to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the maximum security of principal invested and conform to all applicable State statutes and City ordinances while providing the highest yield and meeting the City's daily cash flows.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Income earned or loss arising from the investment of the pooled cash is allocated on a weekly basis to the individual funds based upon average daily balance.

In accordance with GASB Statement 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for *External Investment Pools*, the City reports its investments at fair value based on quoted market information obtained from fiscal agents or other sources.

#### 3) Inventories:

Inventories of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Enterprise Funds consist primarily of expendable supplies held for consumption. These inventories are maintained on a perpetual inventory basis verified through annual physical counts. Items are valued using the weighted average method. Expenditures are recorded at the time inventories are used in the governmental funds; therefore, the reserve for inventory is equal to the inventory level needed to maintain adequate operating supplies and indicates that a portion of fund balance is not available for future expenditures.

4) Grants Revenue:

The City follows the policy that, grants and similar items are recognized as revenue or contributed revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

5) Unbilled Accounts Receivable:

The City records as receivables and as revenues the amount of water sales, sewer service charges and commercial refuse collection charges accrued but unbilled at fiscal year end. At June 30, 2004, the estimated amounts of unbilled revenues for the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds and the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund are \$1,220,551, \$599,330, and \$165,314, respectively.

6) Capital Assets:

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items) and are defined as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life exceeding one year. These assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost if original cost is not available. Gifts or contributions are stated at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation and amortization have been provided over the estimated useful lives using the group life method on a straight-line basis and the following useful lives:

Buildings	33 to 100 years	Infrastructure	35 years
Improvements	20 to 50 years	Equipment	2 to 50 years

For proprietary fund assets constructed with bond proceeds, interest costs have been capitalized, net of interest revenue. Gains or losses are recognized when assets are retired from service or are otherwise disposed.

7) Contributions:

Contributions, as shown in the Enterprise Funds, represent Federal and State grants received, sub-dividers' costs of installing water and sewer mains, water service connections installed at the customers' expense, transfers of equipment from other City funds, and contributions from customers to defray future expansion costs.

8) Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities,

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or bond discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9) Reserves and Designated Fund Balances:

In the governmental fund financial statements, reserves are recorded to signify that a portion of the fund equity is segregated for future use and is not available for appropriation or expenditure. Designated fund balances are recorded to represent resources available to finance intended future expenditures based upon managerial plans.

#### F. Revenues, Expenditures, Expenses and Other Disclosures

1) Property Tax Revenue Recognition:

Yuma County is responsible for billing and collecting property taxes. Collections by the County in one month are remitted to the City in the next month. For government-wide presentation, revenues equal the taxes levied for the fiscal year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been recorded as the City's experience shows that after five years the amount uncollected represents less than one-half percent of the original levy. For governmental fund statement purposes, at fiscal year end, delinquent property taxes expected to be collected within 60 days are recognized as revenue and recorded as receivable. The balance of delinquent taxes is recorded in the property tax receivable account with a corresponding entry to the deferred revenue account.

2) Compensated Absences:

The City's administrative regulations provide permanent City employees with general and major illness leave in varying amounts based on years of service. In addition, employees may accrue hours worked on holidays for absences or payment in the future. General leave vests with the employee as it is earned. At fiscal year end, the Governmental Funds include an accrual of general and holiday leave pay and related benefits that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. All governmental funds (excepting the Capital Projects, Debt Service, Local Transportation Assistance and Two Percent Tax Funds), to varying degrees, liquidate these benefits. General and holiday leave with related benefits in excess of this accumulation, \$1,614,924, are recorded in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. The amounts of general and holiday leave pay and related benefits attributable to the Water, Wastewater, Desert Hills, and Arroyo Dunes Enterprise Funds are \$144,906, \$128,426, \$53,756 and \$3,116 respectively, and are recorded in those funds and in the business-type activities of the government-wide statements and accrued as earned.

Major illness leave benefits provided for ordinary sick pay are not vested with the employee. Unused benefits are payable only upon the death or retirement of the employee. At June 30, 2004, the amount accumulated in sick pay and related benefits is \$6,136,618, including \$143,278 attributable to Internal Service Funds and \$767,070 to Enterprise Funds. Under GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences,* the City uses the "termination payment" method to determine its provision for major illness leave liability. The portion of the major illness leave liability related to governmental fund types, \$459,407, is reported within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, as current amounts of that liability have been determined to be immaterial and are not recorded within the respective governmental funds. The provision for probable future major illness leave and related benefits attributable to the Equipment Maintenance Internal Service Fund is \$7,820 and Water, Wastewater, and Desert Hills and Arroyo Dunes Golf Course

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Enterprise Funds of \$37,144, \$25,414, \$12,672 and \$1,012 respectively, are recorded in those funds and are accrued as earned.

#### G. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

#### H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of general purpose financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The City's expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Debt Service Fund. The City had not budgeted for its annual interest payment for the new Special Assessment Improvement District #67. As a result, the City exceeded its appropriations by \$80,251.

### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investments pool that is available to all funds. Each fund type's portion of the cash and investment pool is shown in the accompanying balance sheet as "Cash and Investments", including the portion listed under "Restricted Assets". The City also records cash and investments, held by fiscal agents, which are restricted by bond indenture requirements for the payment of principal and interest at the end of the fiscal year.

The policy of the City of Yuma is to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the maximum security of principal invested while providing the highest yield which will also meet the daily cash flow needs of the City while conforming to all applicable State statutes and City ordinances governing the investment of public funds. The primary objectives, in priority order, of the City of Yuma's investment activities are:

- 1. **SAFETY OF PRINCIPAL:** Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the City of Yuma. Investments of the City shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to insure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To obtain this goal, diversification is required in the portfolio's composition consistent with the other provisions of the policy.
- 2. LIQUIDITY: The City of Yuma's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.
- 3. **YIELD:** The City of Yuma's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining the highest yield of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's risk constraints and the cash flow of the portfolio.

Investments authorized by the City's Investment Policy include:

1. Obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, excluding mortgagebacked securities;

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

- 2. Fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposit at banks and savings and loan associations;
- 3. Bankers acceptances issued by the ten largest domestic banks;
- 4. Commercial paper rated A-1/P-1;
- 5. Repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consists of the foregoing, provided a signed PSA Master Repurchase Agreement is on file with the counter party bank or broker/dealer;
- 6. Money Market Funds whose portfolio consists of the foregoing;
- 7. The State of Arizona Local Government Investment Pool.

If additional types of securities are approved for investment of public funds by State Statutes, they will not be eligible for investment by the City of Yuma until the policy is amended and the amendment passed by the City Council.

It is the policy of the City to diversify its investment portfolio. Invested funds are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, specific issuer, or specific class of security. Diversification strategies are established and periodically reviewed by the investment committee. Diversification standards by security type and issuer do not exceed the following:

U. S. Treasuries and securities having principal and interest guaranteed	
by the U.S. Government	100%

U. S. Government agencies, instrumentalities and government	
sponsored enterprises	No more than 80%
Fully insured or collateralized CD's	No more than 30%
Banker's Acceptances	No more than 25%
A-1/P-1 Commercial Paper	
Maximum per issuer.	10% of total C. P.
·	

Repurchase Agreements	100%
Money Market Funds	100%
Local Government Investment Pool	

The Investment Officer is required to diversify maturities. The Investment Officer, to the extent possible, attempts to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Matching maturities with cash flow dates reduces the need to sell securities prior to maturity, thus reducing market risk. Unless matched to a specific requirement, the Investment Officer may not invest more than 25% of the portfolio for a period greater than three years. Unless matched to a specific requirement, the Investment Officer may not invest more than 25% of the portfolio for a period greater than three years.

All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the City are conducted on a delivery versus payment basis. A third party custodian designated by the Investment Officer holds all securities. The third party custodian is required to issue a safekeeping receipt to the City listing the specific instrument, rate, maturity and other pertinent information. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of additional security for all funds, the collateralization level will be 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest on Certificates of Deposit and Repurchase Agreements.

**Deposits.** At June 30, 2004, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$251,459 and the bank balance was \$335,783. The difference of \$84,324 relates to outstanding checks and unrecorded deposits in transit. The City's deposits of \$335,783 are categorized to indicate the level of custodial risk assumed by the City. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes deposits collateralized with securities held by the bank's trust department or its agent

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

in the City's name. Category 3 includes deposits that are not collateralized or that are collateralized with securities held by the bank's trust department or its agent but not in the City's name.

The bank balance includes \$100,000 covered by federal depository insurance, which is Category 1, and \$235,783 covered by collateral held by the bank's agent in the City's name, which is Category 2. Deposits in both categories are covered by collateral arrangements with the bank in which the bank pledges collateral in the form of government securities. The amount of collateral pledged is monitored both by the City and by the bank to insure that the collateral exceeds actual and anticipated deposits.

**Investments.** The City's investments are also categorized according to the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the City or its agent in the City's name holds the securities. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investment for which the counter party's trust department or agent in the City's name holds the securities. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter party, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City's investments in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents shares of the pool's portfolio. Those shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial risk. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The pool is overseen by the State Board of Investment in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes.

			Reported	
	Catego	ry 1	Amount	Fair Value
U.S. Treasuries Federal Agencies	\$ 17,286 50,557 <u>\$ 67,84</u> 4	7,697	17,286,451 50,557,697 67,844,148	\$ 17,285,598 <u>50,541,187</u> 67,826,785
Money Market Investments in State Investment Pool		\$	8,095,630 23,666,437 99,606,215	\$ 8,095,630 23,666,437 99,588,852

Cash and Investments are presented on the Statement of Net Assets as follows:

On Hand	\$ 21,610
Deposits	251,459
Investments	 <u>99,606,215</u>
Total Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Assets	\$ 99,879,284

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### B. Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied by the Yuma County Treasurer on or before the third Monday in August based upon the previous January 1 full cash value as determined by the Yuma County Assessor. Under Arizona law two assessed valuations are used. One is for primary taxes (used to fund operating expenditures) and the other is for secondary taxes (used to meet general obligation debt service requirements). The primary tax levy is limited to a two percent increase over the previous year with adjustments for growth and annexation. Secondary taxes are tied to the annual debt service requirements of voter-approved general obligation bonds. Taxes are due in two equal installments on October 1 and March 1 following the levy date and are delinquent on the first day of November and May, respectively. Liens are filed when taxes are delinquent for two years. Assessed values, levies and collections for fiscal year 2002-03 (Tax Year 2002) and fiscal year 2003-04 (Tax Year 2003), follow:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Tax Year 2002	Tax Year 2003
Primary Assessed Valuation	\$299,108,816	\$315,700,166
Primary Tax Rate	1.8621	1.8693
Primary Tax Levy	\$5,569,705	\$5,901,384
Secondary Assessed Valuation	\$305,708,909	\$322,623,524
Secondary Tax Rate/Levy	None	None
Current Tax Collections	\$5,339,296	\$5,656,980
Delinquent Tax Collections	\$186,250	\$200,845
Delinquent Taxes Outstanding as of June 30	\$234,420	\$223,534

#### C. Accounts Receivable

Receivable balances are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Within the Special Revenue Solid Waste Fund, an allowance account is established to record the estimated uncollectible refuse collection billings. Within the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds, allowance accounts have been established to record estimated uncollectible water and wastewater billings. No allowance account has been made for other types of receivables. The balances of these accounts are as follow:

	Gross Receivable			Allowance Amount				
	June 30,							
		2004		2003	2	2004	2	2003
Special Revenue Funds - Solid Waste Enterprise Funds:	\$	254,056	\$	158,815	\$	10,802	\$	4,551
Water Wastewater		2,082,768 1,080,997		1,687,517 975,090		60,359 27,223		43,371 21,297

#### D. Due from Other Governments (Intergovernmental Receivables)

Amounts due from other government units at June 30, 2004, are as follows:

	Agencies							
Fund	Federal		State		County		Local	Total
Governmental Funds								
Major Funds								
General	\$ 2,272,717	\$	151,089	\$	-	\$	70,653	\$ 2,494,459
Highway User Revenue	-		638,410		15,570		-	653,980
City Road Tax	-		725,679		-		-	725,679
Community Redevelopment	137,706		-		-		-	137,706
Grants	498,418		80,749		36,497		-	615,664
Capital Projects	-		410,000		-		-	410,000
Non-major Funds								
Public Safety Tax	-		290,173		-		-	290,173
Recreation Complex	-		-		-		14,935	14,935
Solid Waste	-		50		-		-	50
Mall Maintenance	-		-		2,943		-	2,943
Enterprise Funds								
Water	-		508		-		-	508
Wastewater	43,843		-		-		463,679	507,522
Desert Hills Golf Course	-		633		-		-	633
Internal Service Funds								
Equipment Maintenance			62		-		-	62
Total	\$ 2,952,684	\$	2,297,353	\$	55,010	\$	549,267	\$ 5,854,314

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

**-** .

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2004, follows:

		Balance					Balance
	J	une 30, 2003	 Increases	[	Decreases	J	une 30, 2004
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	11,576,484	\$ 2,297,226	\$	294,321	\$	13,579,389
Construction in Progress		14,926,264	 11,776,908		948,098		25,755,074
Total Capital Assets							
Not Being Depreciated		26,502,748	 14,074,134		1,242,419		39,334,463
Other Capital Assets:							
Buildings		56,295,678	1,548,858		25,454		57,819,082
Improvements		16,747,299	2,501,075		-		19,248,374
Infrastructure		121,214,375	6,125,362		3,025		127,336,712
Equipment		31,693,349	 2,378,161		1,391,650		32,679,861
Total Other Capital Assets		225,950,701	 12,553,456		1,420,129		237,084,029
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings		9,247,228	1,892,442		19,124		11,120,546
Improvements		6,375,039	1,412,628		-		7,787,667
Infrastructure		65,966,468	2,917,930		1,613		68,882,785
Equipment		17,070,074	 3,212,908		1,350,873		18,932,110
Total Accumulated Depreciation		98,658,809	 9,435,908		1,371,610		106,723,107
Other Capital Assets, Net		127,291,892	 3,117,548		48,519		130,360,922
Total Capital Assets,							
Governmental Activities	\$	153,794,640	\$ 17,191,681	\$	1,290,939	\$	169,695,385

Government activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2004, include:

General Capital Assets, Net	\$ 159,639,618
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets, Net	 10,055,767
Total	\$ 169,695,385

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 1,608,652
Public Safety	1,227,443
Parks, Recreation, and Culture	1,505,581
Environmental Health and Protection	27,426
Community Design and Development	126,851
Streets	2,928,640
Assets held by Internal Service Funds are	
charged based on usage of assets	 2,011,315
Total	\$ 9,435,908

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### **Business-type activities:**

	Balance June 30, 2003	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2004
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,171,030	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,171,030
Construction in Progress	14,528,591	31,430,007		45,958,598
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	15,699,621	31,430,007		47,129,628
Other Capital Assets:				
Buildings	7,945,197	-	-	7,945,197
Improvements	123,694,117	8,015,052	-	131,709,169
Equipment	3,047,246	152,742	60,524	3,139,464
Total Other Capital Assets	134,686,560	8,167,794	60,524	142,793,830
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,599,501	202,088	-	3,801,589
Improvements	48,456,962	5,329,840	-	53,786,802
Equipment	1,954,912	217,756	58,316	2,114,352
Total Accumulated Depreciation	54,011,375	5,749,684	58,316	59,702,743
Other Capital Assets, Net	80,675,185	2,418,110	2,208	83,091,087
Total Capital Assets, Business-type activities	<u>\$ 96,374,806</u>	<u>\$ 33,848,117</u>	\$ 2,208	<u>\$ 130,220,715</u>

Depreciation was charged to programs as follows:

Water	\$ 3,367,069
Wastewater	2,098,657
Golf courses	 283,958
Total	\$ 5,749,684

Construction in progress is comprised mainly of water projects and a wastewater treatment plant project.

#### F. <u>Retirement Plans</u>

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*. This statement requires the following disclosures.

**Plan Descriptions** - The City contributes to the three plans described below. Benefits are established by state statute and generally provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor and health insurance premium benefits.

The Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers general employees of the City. The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

The Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty as employees of the State of Arizona or one of its political subdivisions. The PSPRS, acting as a common investment and administrative agent, is governed by a five-member board, known as The Fund Manager, and 167 local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

The Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers elected officials and judges of certain state and local governments. The EORP is governed by The Fund Manager of PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3.

Each plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. A report may be obtained by writing or calling the applicable plan.

ASRS	PSPRS and EORP
3300 North Central Avenue	1020 E. Missouri Avenue
P.O. Box 33910	Phoenix, AZ 85014
Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910	
(602) 240-2200 or (800) 621-3778	(602) 255-5575

**Funding Policy** - The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the City's contribution rate.

*Cost-sharing plans* - For the year ended June 30, 2004, active ASRS members and the City were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 5.70 percent (5.20 percent retirement and 0.50 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The City's contribution to ASRS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$1,275,114, \$538,377, and \$500,530, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year. In addition, active EORP members were required by statute to contribute 7 percent of the members' annual covered payroll while the City was required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 13.49 percent. The City's contributions to EORP for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003 and 2002 were \$27,524, \$11,103, and \$8,027, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

*Agent plans* - For the year ended June 30, 2004, active PSPRS members were required by statute to contribute 7.65 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City was required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 5.40 percent for police and 10.77 percent for fire.

**Annual Pension Cost** - The City's pension cost for the two agent plans for the year ended June 30, 2004, follows:

	Police	Fire
Contribution Rates	5.40%	10.77%
Annual Pension Cost	\$10,881	\$213,451
Contributions Made	\$10,881	\$213,451
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2003
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return	9%	9%
Projected Salary Increases	6.5% - 9.5%	6.5% - 9.5%
Inflation projection	5.5%	5.5%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	None	None
Amortization Method	Level Percentage Open	Level Percentage Open
Remaining Amortization Period	20 years	20 years
Asset Valuation Method	Smoothed market	Smoothed market

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Annual	Percent	Net Pension
		Pension Cost	Contributed	Obligation
POLICE	2001	86,526	100.0%	-
	2002	133,141	100.0%	-
	2003	10,881	100.0%	-
FIRE	2001	251,685	100.0%	-
	2002	168,473	100.0%	-
	2003	213,451	100.0%	-

**Trend Information** - Information for each of the agent plans as of the most recent actuarial valuations follows:

#### G. Other Employee Benefit Plan

In addition to the leave plans described under compensated absences, the City maintains a self funded insurance plan for employee and dependent related health, life, and dental claims. An Internal Service Fund is established to record employee and employer contributions. No minimum level of reserve has been established for the Fund; however, incurred but unreported claims have been accrued within the fund that amount to \$62,141. At June 30, 2004, unrestricted net assets amounted to \$206,290.

In May, Council passed a resolution authorizing City membership in the Yuma Area Benefit Consortium. The Consortium, established in 1997, is composed of other governmental entities in the Yuma area for the purpose of providing insurance benefits to employees through self-funded or insured programs. Council also approved a \$200,000 contribution to fund start-up costs as estimated by the Consortium. Effective July 1, 2004 City employees will be insured under the Consortium plans for health, dental and employee assistance programs.

#### H. Long-Term Liabilities

The following changes occurred in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004:

Governmental activities:	July 1, 2003	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2004	Within One Year
Yuma Municipal Property					
Corporation	\$ 67,435,000	\$-	\$ 3,995,000	\$ 63,440,000	\$ 3,020,000
Improvement District #67	-	7,280,000	-	7,280,000	-
Contracts Payable	3,320,000	-	805,000	2,515,000	792,000
Compensated Absences	1,980,387	272,408	178,464	2,074,331	1,364,236
Total Governmental Activity					
Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 72,735,387</u>	<u>\$ 7,552,408</u>	\$ 4,978,464	<u>\$ 75,309,331</u>	<u>\$    5,176,236</u>
Business-type activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 11,385,000	\$-	\$ 880,000	\$ 10,505,000	\$ 930,000
Contracts Payable	10,412,799	23,377,947	4,609	33,786,137	386,400
Total Business-type Activity					
Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 21,797,799</u>	<u>\$ 23,377,947</u>	<u>\$ 884,609</u>	<u>\$ 44,291,137</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,400</u>

On the Statement of Net Assets, the current portion of governmental activity long-term debt of \$3,812,000 excludes the current portion of compensated absences of \$1,364,236 that is recorded within accrued liabilities. The long-term portion of governmental activity long-term debt is net of \$118,502 of unamortized deferred charges. For business-type activities, long-term debt excludes the current portion of bonds payable of \$697,500 and current portion of contracts payable of \$302,053 that is recorded within liabilities payable from restricted assets. Also, the long-term portion is net of \$336,619 of unamortized issuance costs.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### **Contracts Payable**

**Governmental Activities** - During fiscal year 2004, the City held two loans recorded as long-term contracts payable. The first was a \$500,000 note with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Section 108 program for use in neighborhood revitalization. Proceeds will generate loans to qualified neighborhood residents and future payments will be funded by loan repayments of the recipients. Two loans were obtained from the Arizona State Department of Transportation Highway Expansion and Extension Program (HELP). Proceeds of \$2,000,000 and \$1,000,000 were used for two street projects. Payments will originate from the City Road Tax Fund.

Annual debt service requirements under these contracts are as follow:

	Contracts Payable											
July 1,	, Section 108					HELP			Total			
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2004	\$	92,000	\$	12,758	\$	700,000	\$	38,034	\$	792,000	\$	50,792
2005		99,000		10,666		700,000		25,905		799,000		36,571
2006		107,000		7,822		700,000		13,776		807,000		21,598
2007		117,000		4,274		-		1,647		117,000		5,921
Total	\$	415,000	\$	35,520	\$	2,100,000	\$	79,362	\$	2,515,000	\$	114,882

**Business-type activities** – During fiscal year 2004, the City began construction of major additions to its utility infrastructure, including new, additional treatment plants for its water and wastewater systems. Financing for these additions comes from the Arizona Water Infrastructure Financing Authority (WIFA) in the form of 20 year loan contracts. The City will draw from these approved loans until their limits are reached. Current loans are \$10 million for water projects (\$6,304,099 drawn) and \$44 million for wastewater projects (\$27,482,038 drawn). An additional \$36 million loan for water projects was requested and approved July 14, 2004. Debt retirement schedules will be finalized once the disbursement of loan proceeds is complete.

#### Bonded Debt - Excluding Refunded Debt

**New Debt Issue – Special Assessment Bonds** – Special assessment bonds are issued by the City on behalf of improvement districts created by property owners for a specific purpose. Property owners in the designated districts agree to be assessed for the principal and interest costs of repaying the bonds. As trustee for improvement districts, the City is responsible for collecting the assessments levied against the owners of the property within the improvement districts and for disbursing these amounts to retire the bonds issued to finance the improvements. All activity related to these bonds is recorded in the City's Debt Service Fund.

In September 2003 the Council, by resolution, authorized an agreement with Yuma Palms, L.L.C. related to the development of a regional shopping center in Yuma. Improvement District #67 was created with Yuma Palms L.L.C. as the sole property owner. On March 4, 2004, \$7,280,000 in special assessment bonds was issued for the purpose of constructing City-owned water and sewer utilities, street, and storm drainage improvements. The ten-year bonds have a stated rate of 3.70 percent with annual principal payments commencing January 2006 through 2014. The development agreement also contains provisions for the City to establish a bond enhancement account and to pay sales tax rebates (matching the debt service payments) to the developer.

**Municipal Property Corporation Bonds** – In 1970, the City created the Municipal Property Corporation to finance the acquisition or construction of various City projects. Bonds are issued by the corporation and are repaid through unrestricted revenues, primarily excise taxes, by the City. For each issue, the City has pledged its excise tax collections as follows: *Excise Taxes* – transaction privilege taxes, license fees and franchise fees, along with transaction privilege taxes, income taxes and excise taxes imposed by the State and distributed to the City (except public safety and special sales taxes); *Public Safety Taxes* – a special two-tenths of one percent (.2%) privilege license tax approved by qualified voters in 1994 for public safety and criminal justice facilities and equipment; and *Special Sales Taxes* – a special two percent (2%) privilege license tax approved by qualified

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

voters in 1993 on the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the business of bars, restaurants and hotels. For each bond series, the corresponding pledged tax was:

1998 Issue
2001 Issue
2003 – Series A
2003 – Series B
2003 – Series C

Excise Taxes Excise Taxes Excise and Public Safety Taxes Excise Taxes Excise and Special Sales Taxes

In addition to, or in lieu of, excise taxes, the City may use other operational revenues to repay the debt, as budgeted in each fund. These include payments from the Water, Wastewater and Desert Hills Golf Course Enterprise Funds, and Highway User Revenue and Solid Waste Special Revenue Funds, as determined by the projects acquired or constructed by the debt proceeds.

**General Obligation Bonds –** These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and may be repaid through the levying of property taxes. However, because the bonds were issued for the construction or expansion of the City's water treatment and delivery system, the bonds are recorded in the Water Enterprise Fund and are repaid through that fund.

	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Authorized and Issued		Outstanding	
General Obligation Bonds:				_			
1992 Project	6.13%	12/16/1992	2012	\$	14,370,000	\$	2,760,000
1997 Refunding	4.90%	12/1/1997	2012		8,085,000		7,745,000
Unamortized deferred amount on r	efunding				-		(336,619)
	-				22,455,000		10,168,381
Yuma Municipal Property							
Corporation Bonds:							
1998 Issue	3.74%	12/1/1998	2004		6,020,000		1,300,000
2001 Issue	4.94%	3/21/2001	2025		34,150,000		34,150,000
2003 - Series A Refunding	4.21%	2/18/2003	2015		14,640,000		14,640,000
2003 - Series B Refunding	3.67%	2/18/2003	2015		2,905,000		2,905,000
2003 - Series C Refunding	2.97%	2/18/2003	2010		1,445,000		1,445,000
2003 - Series B Addition	4.18%	2/18/2003	2022		9,000,000		9,000,000
Total MPC Bonds					68,160,000		63,440,000
Total Bonds Authorized and Issued				\$	90,615,000	\$	73,608,381

#### Legal Debt Margin

Under Arizona's Constitution, outstanding general obligation bonded debt for combined water, sewer, artificial light, parks, open space preserves, playgrounds and recreational facilities may not exceed 20% of a City's net secondary assessed valuation. Outstanding general obligation debt for all other purposes may not exceed 6% of a City's net secondary assessed valuation. The legal borrowing capacity of the City of Yuma at June 30, 2004 follows:

	Water, Etc. (20%)	All Other (6%)
Legal Limit	\$ 64,524,705	\$ 19,357,411
Outstanding G.O. Debt	9,575,000	
Available Debt Margin	<u>\$ 54,949,705</u>	<u>\$ 19,357,411</u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

lub <i>i</i>	<u> </u>	Pondo 1002 I	20110	MDC	Pondo 1009 S	orios	Improvem	ont District No	67 Pondo
July 1	Principal	. Bonds 1992 I Interest	Total	Principal	Bonds 1998 S Interest	Total	Principal	ent District No Interest	Total
2004	865,000	162,950	1,027,950	1,300,000	50,050	1,350,050	-	89,787	89,787
2005	920,000	112,780	1,032,780	-	-	-	-	269,360	269,360
2006	975,000	58,500	1,033,500	-	-	-	680,000	256,780	936,780
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	710,000	231,065	941,065
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	740,000	204,240	944,240
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	770,000	176,305	946,305
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	805,000	147,168	952,168
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	840,000	116,736	956,736
2012	-	-	-	-	-	-	875,000	85,008	960,008
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-	910,000	51,985	961,985
2014		-					950,000	17,575	967,575
	\$ 2,760,000	\$ 334,230	\$ 3,094,230	<u>\$ 1,300,000</u>	\$ 50,050	<u>\$ 1,350,050</u>	<u>\$7,280,000</u>	<u>\$1,646,009</u>	\$ 8,926,009
	100	7 Dofunding P	ondo	MDC	Pondo 2001 S	orion	MDC	Pondo 2002 (	Porioo
2004	65,000	7 Refunding B		IVIPC	Bonds 2001 S		345,000	Bonds 2003 \$	
	,	374,622	439,622		1,647,825	1,647,825	,	346,858	691,858
2005	70,000	371,665	441,665	890,000	1,647,825	2,537,825	355,000	338,232	693,232
2006	75,000	368,480	443,480	925,000	1,612,225	2,537,225	365,000	329,358	694,358
2007	1,115,000	365,067	1,480,067	965,000	1,575,225	2,540,225	375,000	320,233	695,233
2008	1,170,000	312,105	1,482,105	1,000,000	1,536,625	2,536,625	385,000	309,920	694,920
2009	1,210,000	257,115	1,467,115	1,040,000	1,494,125	2,534,125	395,000	298,370	693,370
2010	1,275,000	196,615	1,471,615	1,080,000	1,449,925	2,529,925	410,000	285,532	695,532
2011	1,345,000	134,140	1,479,140	1,130,000	1,404,025	2,534,025	420,000	272,207	692,207
2012	1,420,000	69,580	1,489,580	1,175,000	1,356,000	2,531,000	435,000	257,507	692,507
2013	-	-	-	1,235,000	1,297,250	2,532,250	450,000	241,847	691,847
2014	-	-	-	1,295,000	1,235,500	2,530,500	470,000	224,973	694,973
2015	-	-	-	1,355,000	1,170,750	2,525,750	490,000	207,347	697,347
2016	-	-	-	1,755,000	1,103,000	2,858,000	515,000	182,847	697,847
2017	-	-	-	1,840,000	1,015,250	2,855,250	535,000	157,098	692,098
2018	-	-	-	1,935,000	923,250	2,858,250	560,000	134,628	694,628
2019	-	-	-	2,030,000	826,500	2,856,500	585,000	110,828	695,828
2020	-	-	-	2,130,000	725,000	2,855,000	610,000	85,672	695,672
2021	-	-	-	2,240,000	618,500	2,858,500	635,000	58,833	693,833
2022	-	-	-	2,350,000	506,500	2,856,500	665,000	30,258	695,258
2023	-	-	-	2,470,000	389,000	2,859,000	-	-	-
2024	-	-	-	2,590,000	265,500	2,855,500	-	-	-
2025				2,720,000	136,000	2,856,000			
	\$ 7,745,000	\$ 2,449,389	\$10,194,389	\$34,150,000	\$23,935,800	\$58,085,800	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 4,192,548	\$13,192,548
	MPC Bon	ds 2003 Refun	dina 1995A	MPC Bond	ds 2003 Refund	lina 1995B	MPC Bon	ds 2003 Refun	ding 1995C
2004	980,000	582,228	1,562,228	205,000	97,523	302,523	190,000	41,025	231,025
2005	1,005,000	557,728	1,562,728	210,000	92,397	302,397	195,000	36,275	231,275
2006	1,030,000	532,603	1,562,603	210,000	87,147	297,147	200,000	31,400	231,400
2007	1,060,000	506,853	1,566,853	215,000	81,897	296,897	205,000	26,400	231,400
2008	1,095,000	477,703	1,572,703	230,000	75,985	305,985	210,000	20,763	230,763
2000	1,150,000	422,953	1,572,953	235,000	69,085	304,085	220,000	14,463	234,463
2000	1,210,000	365,453	1,575,453	245,000	61,448	306,448	225,000	7,313	232,313
2010	1,285,000	304,953	1,589,953	250,000	53,485	303,485	-	-	-
2012	1,350,000	240,703	1,590,703	260,000	44,735	304,735	_	_	_
2012	1,425,000	173,203	1,598,203	270,000	35,375	305,375	_	_	-
2013	1,490,000	119,765	1,609,765	280,000	25,250	305,250	_	-	_
2014	1,560,000	62,400	1,622,400	280,000	14,750	309,750	-	-	-
2010	\$14,640,000	\$ 4,346,545	\$18,986,545	\$ 2,905,000	\$ 739,077	\$ 3,644,077	\$ 1,445,000	\$ 177,639	\$ 1,622,639
	φ1 <del>-1,0-10,000</del>	$\varphi$ -,0-10,0-10	÷10,000,040	<u> </u>	<del>φ 100,011</del>	Ψ 0,0-TT,011	<del>φ 1,170,000</del>	φ 117,000	Ψ 1,022,000

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### I. Interfund Transfers

	Transfers Out			Transfers In	
From / Into			Into / From		
			<u>ties - major funds</u> :		
General Fund	HURF	* - 7	General Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 151,985
	Solid Waste	943,914			
	Mall Maintenance	123,230	HURF	General Fund	16,124
	Debt Service	3,119,164		o	0.440.40
	Capital Projects	1,036,988	Debt Service	General Fund	3,119,164
	Daht Carviaa	100.000		HURF	100,902
HURF	Debt Service	100,902		Capital Projects	98,28
Dood Toy	Capital Projects	1,696,292		Public Safety Tax	2,270,853
Road Tax	Capital Projects	4,902,060		Solid Waste Desert Hills G.C.	20,873 233,340
Create	Conital Draigata	2 506 015			
Grants	Capital Projects	3,506,915		Wastewater	23,942
0			Comital Duciesta	Water	62,042
Community	Consider Designed	000.054	Capital Projects	General Fund	1,036,988
Redevelopment	Capital Projects	962,651		HURF	1,696,292
Oswital Dusis sta	Conorol Fund	151 005	Comm	Road Tax	4,902,060
Capital Projects	General Fund	151,985	Comm	unity Redevelopment	962,65 <sup>4</sup>
	Debt Service Wastewater	98,281		Grants LTAF	3,506,915
	wastewater	561,909			376,068
				Public Safety Tax Two Percent Tax	134,88 <sup>-</sup> 145,002
					,
				Recreation Complex Wastewater	30,516 2,672
		Nonmajo	r funds:	VVasiewalei	2,07
LTAF	Capital Projects	376,068	Solid Waste	General Fund	943,914
Public Safety Tax	Debt Service	2,270,853			
	Capital Projects	134,881	<b>Recreation Complex</b>	Two Percent Tax	1,650,000
Solid Waste	Debt Service	20,873	Mall Maintenance	General Fund	123,230
Recreation Complex	Capital Projects	30,516			120,200
Two Percent Tax	Recreation Complex	1,650,000			
	Capital Projects	145,002			
	Desert Hill G.C.	233,340			
Total G	overnmental Activities	22,081,948	Total Gove	ernmental Activities	21,608,694
	overnmental Activities	Business-typ			
Desert Hills G.C.	Debt Service	233,340	Desert Hills G.C.	Two Percent Tax	233,340
Water	Debt Service	62,042	Wastewater	Capital Projects	561,909
Wastewater	Debt Service	23,942	Tuste Halei	oupliar rojoolo	001,000
	Capital Projects	2,671			
					705 040
	Total Enterprise Funds	321,995			795,249
	Total Transfers Out	\$ 22,403,943	Total Transfers I	n	<u>\$ 22,403,943</u>

The majority of the transfers listed above are for capital projects expenditures or for debt service requirements and are recognizable by the fund to which the transfer is made. This includes Enterprise Fund transfers to debt service as the majority of the related bond debt service is governmental in nature and is recorded in the Debt Service Fund rather than within the Enterprise Funds. As for the remaining transfers, they include operating subsidies from the General Fund to HURF (\$16,124), Solid Waste Fund (\$943,914) and Mall Maintenance (\$123,230); and from the Two Percent Tax Fund to Recreation Complex Fund (\$1,650,000) and Desert Hills Golf Course (\$233,340).

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Interfund activity is eliminated within the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities. Only transfers between governmental and business-type activities appear on that statement. The net asset transfers in of \$473,254 are for capital assets.

#### J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at June 30, 2004, follow:

	Interfund F		
	Major Funds	Nonmajor Fund	
		Two Percent	
Interfund Payable	General	Тах	Total
Major Governmental Funds:			
Community Redevelopment Fund	68,591	-	68,591
Grants Fund	27,812	-	27,812
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Solid Waste Fund	132,130	-	132,130
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:			
Desert Hills Golf Course Fund	-	156,210	156,210
Internal Service Funds:			
Equipment Maintenance	335,603	-	335,603
Workers Compensation	165,000		165,000
Total Receivable	\$ 729,136	\$ 156,210	\$ 885,346

Because they serve primarily governmental funds, the interfund activity noted above in the Internal Service Employee Benefits Trust is combined within the governmental activities for government-wide reporting. As such, the interfund activity is eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The internal balances amount appearing on that statement, \$147,480, represents net balances allocated to business-type activities for consolidation of internal service funds net profits.

#### K. Fund Equity

**Unreserved Fund Balances – Designations -** *Uncompleted Projects* - \$6,920,455 is the uncompleted portion of capital projects for which Council has authorized the funding from current year available resources. Expenditures for these projects are rebudgeted in the subsequent fiscal year since unexpended appropriations lapse at yearend. *Subsequent Years' Expenditures –* Insurance reserve - \$1,055,522 for subsequent year expenditures for insurance purposes; an additional \$500,000 for capital projects; and, public/educational/government (PEG) Facility -\$269 remaining for continuing development of the channel on the local cable system. *Future Community Improvements* - \$797,224 represents special projects in subsequent years as designated by City Council.

#### L. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses and injuries to employees; natural disasters; and health and accident, dental and other medical benefits provided to employees.

The City uses the Employee Benefits Trust Fund, an Internal Service Fund, to account for the financing of its risks of loss relating to dental claims and its insured health programs. The City purchases commercial insurance for employee health coverage but retains the risk for its dental coverage. Dental coverage claims have annual limits per employee, making unlikely the prospect that claims would be incurred in excess of the fund's ability to pay.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Internal Service Fund based on the number of full time employees who receive health benefits assigned to the individual funds. The Employee Benefits Trust Fund Board set the amount to be charged per employee based upon contracts with the insurance provider for health coverage and based upon prior year claims for dental coverage. The claims liability of \$62,141 reported in the Internal Service Fund, Employee Benefits Trust Fund at June 30, 2004 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City uses an application of historical experience to determine claims payable. Changes in the Employee Benefits Trust Fund claims liability amounts in fiscal year 2004, 2003, and 2002 were:

	Be	ginning	CI	aims and				End	
	c	of Year	Cł	Changes In		Claim		of Year	
Fiscal Year	Liability		Estimates		Pa	ayments	Liability		
2003-04	\$	51,775	\$	496,971	\$	486,605	\$	62,141	
2002-03		47,642		400,801		396,668		51,775	
2001-02		42,000		382,920		377,278		47,642	

The City is self-insured for Workers Compensation. The changes to claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2004, 2003, and 2002 were:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Year Liability	Claims and Changes In Estimates	Claim Payments	End of Year Liability	
2003-04	\$ 423,570	\$ 345,353	\$ 304,573	\$ 464,350	
2002-03	261,661	582,648	420,739	423,570	
2001-02	336,656	203,460	278,455	261,661	

The City carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including property and liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### M. Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2004. At year-end the government's commitments with contractors for specific projects are as follows:

Construction Commitments	Original Contract	Expenditures to Date	Remaining Commitment
General Government	100,618	26,392	74,226
Public Safety	4,054,814	2,361,434	1,693,380
Parks & Recreation	3,991,679	3,038,505	953,174
Environmental Health	347,865	331,138	16,727
Streets	7,742,528	2,296,722	5,445,806
Water System	17,522,627	8,590,983	8,931,644
Wastewater System	48,024,567	22,897,103	25,127,464
	<u>\$ 81,784,698</u>	<u>\$ 39,542,277</u>	<u>\$ 42,242,421</u>

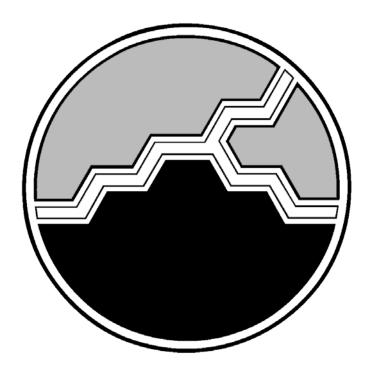
### V. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### A. Pending Litigation

The City is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. It is the opinion of the City management, based on the advice of the City Attorney, that such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position at June 30, 2004.

#### B. <u>Compliance</u>

The City participates in federally-funded and state-funded programs administered by various government agencies. The programs included in these financial statements may be subject to program compliance and/or financial monitoring by the granting agency or its representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Schedule of Funding Progress Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

						Unfunded
		Actuarial	Funding		Annual	Liability as
	Actual Value	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
	of Plan Assets	Liability	(Excess)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
POLICE						
2001	38,686,969	26,356,089	(12,330,880)	146.8%	5,888,020	-%
2002	38,521,463	30,716,985	(7,804,478)	125.4%	6,766,977	-%
2003	38.872.623	34.348.986	(4.523.637)	113.2%	7.103.014	-%
FIRE						
2001	31,549,536	25,790,543	(5,758,993)	122.3%	4,141,659	-%
2002	30,698,121	29,078,933	(1,619,188)	105.6%	4,466,840	-%
2003	30,424,278	31,830,479	1,406,201	95.6%	4,459,268	31.5%

### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

F	For the Year Ended June 30, 20	J04		N7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Buc	Budget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows): Taxes:	\$ 13,233,000	\$ 13,233,000	\$ 15,575,898	\$ 2,342,898
Property Tax - Primary	5,901,384	5,901,384	5,656,980	(244,404)
Property Tax - Delinquent	150,000	150,000	200,845	50,845
City Sales Tax	14,325,000	14,325,000	14,849,984	524,984
Public Enterprise In-Lieu	248,000	248,000	242,000	(6,000)
Franchise Tax	1,829,000	1,829,000	1,935,952	106,952
Total Taxes	22,453,384	22,453,384	22,885,761	432,377
Licenses:				
Business Licenses	260,000	260,000	291,080	31,080
Liquor Licenses	27,000	27,000	32,115	5,115
Building Permits	1,443,500	1,443,500	2,683,414	1,239,914
Alcohol Permits	6,000	6,000	9,485	3,485
Total Licenses	1,736,500	1,736,500	3,016,094	1,279,594
Intergovernmental:				
Sales Tax - State	6,132,504	6,132,504	6,535,654	403,150
State Revenue Sharing	6,996,136	6,996,136	7,002,250	6,114
Auto Lieu Tax	2,587,000	2,587,000	2,852,832	265,832
County Emergency Services	23,000	23,000	36,132	13,132
Other Intergovernmental		-	24,325	24,325
Total Intergovernmental	15,738,640	15,738,640	16,451,193	712,553
Charges for Services:				
Building Inspection Fees	509,500	509,500	925,551	416,051
Recreation Fees Police Services	440,000 649,848	440,000 649,848	381,442 488,262	(58,558)
Other Charges	44,660	049,848 44,660	488,202 56,607	(161,586) 11,947
Total Charges for Services	1,644,008	1,644,008	1,851,862	207,854
Fines and Forfeitures:	1,044,008	1,044,000	1,001,002	207,034
City Court Fines	685,000	685,000	725,948	40,948
Total Fines and Forfeitures	685,000	685,000	725,948	40,948
	000	005,000	125,940	40,940
Use of Money and Property: Interest	320,000	320,000	70,322	(249,678)
Rental Receipts	83,500	83,500	146,948	63,448
Total Use of Money and Property	403,500	403,500	217,270	(186,230)
Miscellaneous		400,000	217,270	(100,200)
Sales of Surplus Property	10,000	10,000	345,401	335,401
Other	88,500	88,500	85,809	(2,691)
Total Miscellaneous	98,500	98,500	431,210	332,710
Total Revenues	42,759,532	42,759,532	45,579,338	2,819,806
Transfers From Other Funds	863,000	863,000	151,985	(711,015)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	56,855,532	56,855,532	<u>61,307,221</u>	4,451,689

Continued on next page

## City of Yuma, Arizona

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

#### General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Year En	aea June 30, 20	04		
	Budg	pet	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):	Original		/ 111001110	(Hoganito)
General Government:				
	241 200	241 200	207 602	33,705
Mayor and Council Elections	241,308 138,750	241,308 138,750	207,603 110,926	27,824
		,		394
City Administrator Communications	525,047 104,440	525,047 104,440	524,653 131,691	(27,251)
Quality Initiatives	310,696	310,696	290,384	20,312
General Government	569,564	575,564	290,384 228,617	346,947
City Clerk	222,292	222,292	213,456	8,836
Community Investment Trust	863,000	863,000	383,595	479,405
City Attorney	688,091	688,091	856,939	(168,848)
Litigation	445,200	445,200	197,048	248,152
City Prosecutor	192,818	192,818	181,189	11,629
Administrative Services	187,557	187,557	150,057	37,500
Accounting	708,938	708,938	603,175	105,763
Customer Services	395,625	395,625	360,766	34,859
Information Technology Services	2,137,497	2,137,497	1,657,433	480,064
Materials Management	559,534	559,534	572,532	(12,998)
Human Resources	704,649	704,649	639,213	65,436
Facilities Maintenance	897,484	897,484	729,691	167,793
Intragovernmental Charges	(2,575,230)	(2,575,230)	(2,575,230)	
Total General Government Expenditures	7,317,260	7,323,260	5,463,738	1,859,522
Less Capital Outlay	376,462	360,811	34,918	325,893
Less Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	20,000	(20,000)
Total General Government Deductions	376,462	360,811	54,918	305,893
General Government Operating Expenditures	6,940,798	6,962,449	5,408,820	1,553,629
Public Safety:	0,010,700	0,002,110	0,100,020	1,000,020
Police Administration - Field Operations	11,613,260	11 612 260	10 900 527	700 700
Police Reserve Unit	5,750	11,613,260 5,750	10,890,527 2,752	722,733
	2,259,865	2,258,251	2,023,868	2,998 234,383
Police Support Services Police Communication Center	2,259,805			234,383 145,872
		1,666,457	1,520,585	,
Fire Administration	432,071	423,901	369,198	54,703
Fire Training	188,520	185,690	170,341	15,349
Fire Suppression	5,865,650	5,882,355	6,047,031	(164,676)
Fire Prevention	484,259	482,559	445,773	36,786
Fire Maintenance	531,287	531,287	509,492	21,795
Fire Special Operations	74,969	70,964	41,790	29,174
Fire Emergency Medical Services	91,003	91,003	86,387	4,616
Fire Emergency Management	78,012	78,012	88,830	(10,818)
Animal Control	405,733	405,733	405,733	-
Municipal Court	1,084,817	1,084,817	1,097,136	(12,319)
Total Public Safety Expenditures	24,786,039	24,780,039	23,699,443	1,080,596
Less Capital Outlay	45,020	80,015	76,746	3,269
Public Safety Operating Expenditures	24,741,019	24,700,024	23,622,697	1,077,327
	· · · ·			

Continued on next page

## **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004								
	_			Variance with Final Budget				
		lget	Actual	Positive				
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)				
Parks, Recreation and Culture:								
Parks and Recreation Administration	364,674	364,674	363,488	1,186				
Parks Maintenance	3,318,156	3,318,156	3,113,667	204,489				
Parks Development	249,069	249,069	222,528	26,541				
Recreation Administration	508,930	510,613	496,662	13,951				
Senior Adult Activities	149,664	149,664	114,504	35,160				
Adult Activities	207,265	207,265	184,426	22,839				
Youth Activities	236,826	236,826	207,549	29,277				
Aguatics	551,293	549,610	511,550	38,060				
Yuma Art Center	503,862	503,862	404,331	99,531				
Intragovernmental Charges	(145,001)	(145,001)	(145,001)					
Total Parks, Recreation and Culture	5,944,738	5,944,738	5,473,704	471,034				
Less Capital Outlay	80,657	125,257	90,316	34,941				
Parks, Recreation and Culture								
Operating Expenditures	5,864,081	5,819,481	5,383,388	436,093				
Environmental Health and Protection:			<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>				
Environmental Management	1,005,368	1,005,368	993,263	12,105				
Intragovernmental Charges	(799,124)	(799,124)	(799,124)	-				
Environmental Health and Protection								
Operating Expenditures	206,244	206,244	194,139	12,105				
Community Design and Development:				,				
Community Development Administration	539,425	533,125	543,371	(10,246)				
Engineering	979,067	954,902	830,492	124,410				
Business Development	425,000	425,000	409,233	15,767				
Planning and Neighborhood Services	1,448,865	1,479,330	1,414,338	64,992				
Heritage Area Development	182,903	182,903	184,548	(1,645)				
Outside Agencies	317,973	317,973	317,423	550				
Total Community Design and Development	3,893,233	3,893,233	3,699,405	193,828				
Less Capital Outlay	27,650	29,090	31,572	(2,482)				
Community Design and Development								
Operating Expenditures	3,865,583	3,864,143	3,667,833	196,310				
Total Operating Expenditures	41,617,725	41,552,341	38,276,877	3,275,464				
Capital Outlay	529,789	595,173	233,552	361,621				
Debt Service	,	, -	,	,-				
Principal	-	-	20,000	(20,000)				
Total Expenditures	42,147,514	42,147,514	38,530,429	3,617,085				
Transfers to Other Funds	6,096,806	6,096,806	5,239,420	857,386				
Total Charges to Appropriations	48,244,320	48,244,320	43,769,849	4,474,471				
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ 8,611,212</u>	<u>\$ 8,611,212</u>	<u>\$ 17,537,372</u>	<u>\$ 8,926,160</u> Concluded				
				CONCIUCED				

# **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Highway User Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004							× / .	
								ariance with nal Budget
	Budget				Actual		Positive	
		Original	.got	Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	3,418,374	\$	3,418,374	\$	4,878,727	\$	1,460,353
Resources (inflows):	Ψ	0,110,071	Ψ	0,110,011	Ψ	1,010,121	Ψ	1,100,000
Intergovernmental								
State Gasoline Tax		7,299,620		7,299,620		7,198,891		(100,729)
Use of Money and Property								
Interest		110,000		110,000		26,621		(83,379)
Miscellaneous		40.000		40.000				
Other		10,000		10,000		21,840		11,840
Total Revenues		7,419,620		7,419,620		7,247,352		(172,268)
Transfers From Other Funds		21,773		21,773		16,124		(5,649)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	_	10,859,767		10,859,767		12,142,203		1,282,436
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):								
Current:								
Public Safety								
Traffic Signals, Signs, and Striping		845,236		845,236		783,718		61,518
Streets								
Engineering		273,042		273,042		9,639		263,403
Street Maintenance		2,635,503		2,635,503		2,412,502		223,001
Street Lighting		478,344		478,344		493,570		(15,226)
Street Sweeping		437,465		437,465		442,175		(4,710)
Storm Drain Maintenance		523,685		523,685		424,319		99,366
Curbs, Gutters, and Sidewalks		393,954		393,954		413,193		(19,239)
Environmental Health								
Lot Cleaning		21,773		21,773		16,122		5,651
Capital Outlay		75,000		75,000		22,476		52,524
Total Expenditures		5,684,002		5,684,002		5,017,714		666,288
Transfers To Other Funds		3,823,565		3,823,565		1,797,194		2,026,371
Total Charges to Appropriations		9,507,567		9,507,567		6,814,908		2,692,659
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,352,200	\$	1,352,200	\$	5,327,295	\$	3,975,095

## **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule City Road Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the	Year	Ended	June	30, 2004	

	i cu		0,2004			
		Buc		ariance with nal Budget Positive		
		Original	Final	Amounts	(	Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$	2,624,538	\$ 2,624,538	\$ 2,717,811	\$	93,273
Taxes Special Road Sales Tax Use of Money and Property		7,042,000	7,042,000	7,423,730		381,730
Interest Miscellaneous		68,000	68,000	15,553		(52,447)
Other		-	 -	68,233		68,233
Total Revenues		7,110,000	 7,110,000	7,507,516		397,516
Amounts Available for Appropriation		9,734,538	 9,734,538	10,225,327		490,789
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Streets						
Street Maintenance		242,340	242,340	242,340		-
Retention Basin Maintenance Debt Service		336,995	336,995	329,380		7,615
Principal		700,000	700,000	700,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		38,034	 38,034	38,034		-
Total Expenditures		1,317,369	 1,317,369	1,309,754		7,615
Transfers to Other Funds		7,967,200	 7,967,200	4,902,060		3,065,140
Total Charges to Appropriations		9,284,569	 9,284,569	6,211,814		3,072,755
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	449,969	\$ 449,969	<u>\$ 4,013,513</u>	\$	3,563,544

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

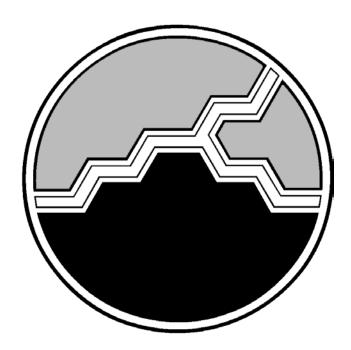
	1 ec		5 30	J, 2004				
		Budget Actual						ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original	3-	Final		mounts		(Negative)
Dudester Fund Dalaman, July 4	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>		-			(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	8,668	\$	8,668	\$	8,668	\$	-
Resources (inflows):								
Intergovernmental								
Federal Government		10,289,744		10,289,744	4	,934,157		(5,355,587)
State Government		2,122,204		2,122,204		235,397		(1,886,807)
Budget Authority Reserve		3,638,822		3,638,822		-		(3,638,822)
Use of Money and Property								
Interest		-		-		5,626		5,626
Contributions/Donations		43,797		43,797		7,732		(36,065)
Total Revenues		16,094,567		16,094,567	5	,182,912		<u>(10,911,655</u> )
Amounts Available for Appropriation		16,103,235		16,103,235	5	,191,580		<u>(10,911,655</u> )
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):								
Current:								
Public Safety		2,461,150		2,169,677	1	,269,025		900,652
Parks, Recreation and Culture		49,297		54,781		21,704		33,077
Environmental Health and Protection		2,662,470		2,918,459		303,730		2,614,729
Community Design & Development		1,000		31,000		31,047		(47)
Capital Outlay		436,850		436,850		52,294		384,556
Total Expenditures		5,610,767		5,610,767	1	,677,800		3,932,967
Operating Transfers Out		10,483,800		10,483,800	3	,506,915		6,976,885
Total Charges to Appropriations		16,094,567	_	16,094,567	5	,184,715		10,909,852
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	8,668	<u>\$</u>	8,668	\$	6,865	\$	(1,803)

### City of Yuma, Arizona

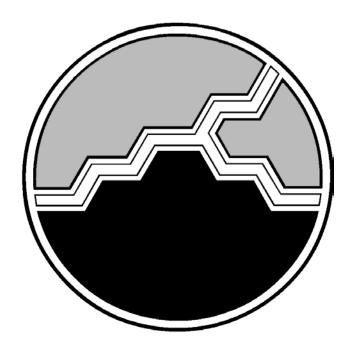
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Redevelopment Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows): Intergovernmental Federal Government State Government Miscellaneous Loan Repayments Other Sale of Real Property Total Revenues Amounts Available for Appropriation	But Original \$ - 2,949,869 - - 600,000 - 3,549,869 3,549,869	dget Final \$- 2,949,869 - - 600,000 - 3,549,869 3,549,869	Actual Amounts \$ - 1,755,242 3,451 36,110 129,748 575,000 2,499,551 2,499,551	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ - (1,194,627) 3,451 36,110 (470,252) 575,000 (1,050,318) (1,050,318)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Community Design and Development Debt Service Principal Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees Total Expenditures Operating Transfers Out Total Charges to Appropriations	2,319,001 85,000 13,468 2,417,469 1,132,400 3,549,869	2,319,001 85,000 13,468 2,417,469 1,132,400 3,549,869	1,437,887 85,000 14,013 1,536,900 962,651 2,499,551	881,114 (545) 
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>



## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are used to finance projects or activities as required by law or contractual agreements.

**Local Transportation Assistance** To record the receipts and uses of monies originating from Arizona Lottery sales. These monies are restricted to transportation uses.

**Public Safety Tax** To account for the two-tenths percent sales tax designated for public safety and criminal justice facilities and equipment.

**Solid Waste** To record the financial activities of the city-owned and operated residential garbage collection service. Expenditures in excess of fees are financed by a transfer from the General Fund.

**Recreation Complex** To record the financial activities of the Civic Center and Baseball Complex.

**Two Percent Tax** To record the financial activities of the Two Percent Special Revenue Excise Tax on hotel, motel, restaurant and bar sales. This tax can finance the operations of the Civic and Convention Center, Baseball Complex, Golf Courses, the Yuma Crossing Area and Convention and Tourism.

**Yuma Mall Maintenance** To record the special maintenance levy for the Yuma Downtown Mall District. The assessment supports cleaning, maintenance, landscaping and utility costs of common areas. Costs in excess of the assessment are financed by a transfer from the General Fund.

# **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

	Special Revenue					
	l	_ocal	Public			
	Trans	sportation	Safety	Solid	Recreation	
<u>Assets</u>	Ass	sistance	Tax	Waste	Complex	
				•		
Cash and Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances	\$	35,096	\$ 1,854,757	\$ -	\$ 1,298,991	
for Uncollectibles):						
Accounts Receivable		-	-	243,254	12,146	
Intergovernmental		-	290,173	50	14,935	
Accrued Interest		842	10,262	-	2,507	
Due From Other Funds		-	-	-	-	
Inventory, at cost		-	-	-	9,014	
Prepaid Items		-	-	-	890	
Total Assets	\$	35,938	<u>\$ 2,155,192</u>	<u>\$243,304</u>	<u>\$ 1,338,483</u>	
Liabilities						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	145	\$ 58,294	\$ 75,669	\$ 49,762	
Accrued Payroll and						
Related Taxes		-	-	35,505	43,713	
Due to Other Funds		-	-	132,130	-	
Deferred Revenue		-			21,453	
Total Liabilities		145	58,294	243,304	114,928	
Fund Balances						
Reserved for:						
Inventory		-	-	-	9,014	
Prepaid Items		-	-	-	890	
Unreserved:						
Designated for Subsequent						
Years' Expenditures		-	-	-	44,600	
Undesignated		35,793	2,096,898	-	1,169,051	
Total Fund Balance		35,793	2,096,898		1,223,555	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	35,938	\$ 2,155,192	\$243,304	\$ 1,338,483	

	Special		Total				
			Yuma	Nonmajor			
Τw	o Percent		Mall	Go	overnmental		
	Tax	Ma	aintenance		Funds		
	-						
\$	550,331	\$	4,715	\$	3,743,890		
	E 0.57		5 050		005 700		
	5,257		5,052		265,709		
	-		2,943		308,101		
	2,414		-		16,025		
	156,210		-		156,210		
	-		-		9,014		
	-		-		890		
\$	714,212	\$	12,710	\$	4,499,839		
\$	218	\$	8,711	\$	192,799		
	-		3,999		83,217		
	-		-		132,130		
	-		-	21,453			
	218		12,710		429,599		
	-		-		9,014		
	-		-		890		
	_		_		44,600		
	713,994		-		4,015,736		
	713,994				4,070,240		
\$	714,212	\$	12,710	¢	4,499,839		
φ	114,212	φ	12,710	\$	4,499,039		

### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Special Re			venue	
	Local Transportation Assistance		Public Safety Tax	Solid Waste	Recreation Complex
Revenues:	•		<b>A</b> A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	<u>^</u>	<u>^</u>
Taxes	\$	-	\$ 2,968,482	\$ -	\$-
Intergovernmental		431,754	-	-	-
Charges for Services Use of Money and Property		- 486	- 14,326	1,688,146	- 479,518
Contributions/Donations		25,620	14,520	-	479,510
Miscellaneous		20,020	_	6,795	11,225
Total Revenues		457.960	2 002 000		
Total Revenues		457,860	2,982,808	1,694,941	490,743
Expenditures: Current:					
Public Safety		-	76,188	-	-
Parks, Recreation and Culture Environmental Health		-	-	-	1,579,434
and Protection		-	-	2,547,728	-
Community Design and Development		64,188	_	_	_
Capital Outlay		-	108,664	70,254	28,401
Total Expenditures		64,188	184,852	2,617,982	1,607,835
		01,100		2,011,002	
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		393,672	2,797,956	(923,041)	(1,117,092)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Transfers In				042 014	1 650 000
Transfers Out		- (376,068)	- (2,405,734)	943,914 (20,873)	1,650,000 (30,516)
Total Other Financing		(370,000)	(2,400,704)	(20,073)	(30,310)
Sources/(Uses)		(376,068)	(2,405,734)	923,041	1,619,484
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures					
and Other Uses		17,604	392,222	-	502,392
Fund Balances, July 1		18,189	1,704,676		721,163
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	35,793	\$ 2,096,898	\$-	\$ 1,223,555

Special I	Revenue	Total
	Yuma	Nonmajor
Two Percent	Mall	Governmental
Tax	Maintenance	Funds
\$ 3,044,645	\$ 88,411	\$ 6,101,538
-	-	431,754
-	-	1,688,146
2,707	-	497,037
-	-	25,620
7,401	16,113	41,534
3,054,753	104,524	8,785,629
-	-	76,188
843,536	-	2,422,970
-	-	2,547,728
-	227,754	291,942
-	-	207,319
843,536	227,754	5,546,147
<u> </u>	,	
2,211,217	(123,230)	3,239,482
-	123,230	2,717,144
(2,028,342)		(4,861,533)
(2,028,342)	123,230	(2,144,389)
182,875	-	1,095,093
531,119		2,975,147
<u>\$713,994</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 4,070,240

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Bu Original	idget Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Dudgeters Fund Delense July 1				
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 121	\$ 121
Use of Money and Property:				
Interest			199	199
Total Revenues			199	199
Transfers In from Other Funds	5,849,466	8,694,897	5,929,397	(2,765,500)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	5,849,466	8,694,897	5,929,717	(2,765,180)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Debt Service:				
Bond Principal	3,020,000	3,020,000	3,020,000	-
Bond Interest	2,779,619	2,779,619	2,859,870	(80,251)
Fiscal Agent Fees	49,847	49,847	49,847	-
Total Expenditures	5,849,466	5,849,466	5,929,717	(80,251)
Total Charges to Appropriations	5,849,466	5,849,466	5,929,717	(80,251)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,845,431	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (2,845,431</u> )

### City of Yuma, Arizona

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Projects Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Y				
	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	lget Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 9,821,133	\$ 9,821,133	\$ 5,967,214	\$ (3,853,919)
Resources (inflows):	ψ 0,021,100	φ 0,021,100	ψ 0,007,214	φ (0,000,010)
Intergovernmental				
Arizona Department of Transportation	-	-	31,059	31,059
Charges for Services			- ,	- ,
Developer Charges	674,079	674,079	364,789	(309,290)
Use of Money and Property				. ,
Rents	305,000	305,000	342,868	37,868
Interest	-	-	48,663	48,663
Miscellaneous	2,992,600	2,992,600	96,872	(2,895,728)
Total Revenues	3,971,679	3,971,679	884,251	(3,087,428)
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	12,360,000	9,382,000	7,280,000	(2,102,000)
Transfers From Other Funds	25,973,900	25,973,900	12,794,044	(13,179,856)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	52,126,712	49,148,712	26,925,509	(22,223,203)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
Capital Outlay:				
General Government	7,712,400	3,700,145	2,033,517	1,666,628
Public Safety	7,149,000	7,151,600	3,050,269	4,101,331
Streets	13,160,879	17,712,968	7,868,742	9,844,226
Parks, Recreation and Culture	9,638,100	7,878,041	4,908,276	2,969,765
Environmental Health and Safety	4,582,000	4,587,625	1,279,575	3,308,050
Total Expenditures	42,242,379	41,030,379	19,140,379	21,890,000
Operating Transfers Out			812,175	(812,175)
Total Charges to Appropriations	42,242,379	41,030,379	19,952,554	21,077,825
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ 9,884,333</u>	<u>\$ 8,118,333</u>	\$ 6,972,955	<u>\$ (1,145,378</u> )

## **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Transportation Assistance Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		, 50, 2004		Variance with Final Budget
	Buc	dget	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 18,189	\$ (1,811)
Intergovernmental				
State Lottery Distribution	431,752	431,752	431,754	2
Use of Money and Property				
Interest	5,000	5,000	486 25,620	(4,514)
Contributions/Donations	42,500	42,500	(16,880)	
Total Revenues	479,252	479,252	457,860	(21,392)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	499,252	499,252	476,049	(23,203)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Community Design and Development				
Outside Agencies - Cultural Council	104,188	104,188	64,188	40,000
Total Expenditures	104,188	104,188	64,188	40,000
Operating Transfers Out	375,064	375,064	376,068	(1,004)
Total Charges to Appropriations	479,252	479,252	440,256	38,996
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 20,000	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,793</u>	<u>\$ 15,793</u>

# **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		10, 2004		
	Buc	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 1,494,285	\$ 1,494,285	\$ 1,704,676	\$ 210,391
Taxes				
Public Safety Sales Tax Use of Money and Property	2,815,000	2,815,000	2,968,482	153,482
Interest	37,500	37,500	14,326	(23,174)
Total Revenues	2,852,500	2,852,500	2,982,808	130,308
Amounts Available for Appropriation	4,346,785	4,346,785	4,687,484	340,699
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:				
Public Safety:				
Police Support Services	15,000	15,000	2,553	12,447
Police Communication Center	300,000	300,000	61,720	238,280
Municipal Court	-	-	11,915	(11,915)
Capital Outlay	335,000	335,000	108,664	226,336
Total Expenditures	650,000	650,000	184,852	465,148
Operating Transfers Out	2,718,460	2,718,460	2,405,734	312,726
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,368,460	3,368,460	2,590,586	777,874
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$   978,325</u>	<u>\$   978,325</u>	<u>\$ 2,096,898</u>	<u>\$ 1,118,573</u>

## **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	Bud Original \$ -	dget Final \$ -	Actual <u>Amounts</u> \$ -	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ -			
Resources (inflows):							
Charges for Service							
Collection Fees	1,724,000	1,724,000	1,688,146	(35,854)			
Miscellaneous				. = . =			
Other	5,000	5,000	6,795	<u> </u>			
Total Revenues	1,729,000	1,729,000 1,729,000 1,694,941					
Transfers from Other Funds	921,495	921,495	943,914	22,419			
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,650,495	2,650,495	2,638,855	(11,640)			
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Environmental Health and Protection							
Residential Services	2,122,434	2,122,434	2,197,808	(75,374)			
Uncontained Waste	352,822	352,822	322,488	30,334			
Recycling	40,905	40,905	27,432	13,473			
Capital Outlay	105,000	105,000	70,254	34,746			
Total Expenditures	2,621,161	2,621,161	2,617,982	3,179			
Transfers to Other Funds	29,334	29,334	20,873	8,461			
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,650,495	2,650,495	2,638,855	11,640			
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>			

### City of Yuma, Arizona

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Recreation Complex Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

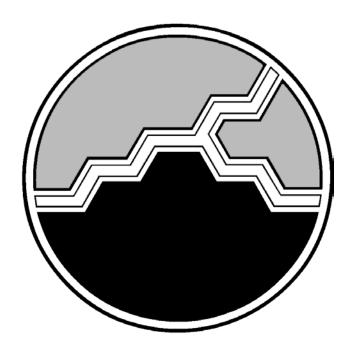
	Buc Original	dget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 563,097	\$ 563,097	\$ 721,163	\$ 158,066
Use of Money and Property				
Rents and Concessions	421,500	421,500	475,333	53,833
Interest	10,000	10,000	4,185	(5,815)
Miscellaneous				
Other	7,500	7,500	3,725	
Total Revenues	439,000	439,000	51,743	
Transfers from Other Funds	1,650,000	1,650,000	1,650,000	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,652,097	2,652,097	2,861,906	209,809
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Parks, Recreation and Culture				
Civic and Convention Center	1,262,472	1,262,472	1,068,726	193,746
Baseball Complex	547,994	547,994	510,708	37,286
Capital Outlay	43,000	43,000	28,401	14,599
Total Expenditures	1,853,466	1,853,466	1,607,835	245,631
Transfers to Other Funds	481,200	481,200	30,516	450,684
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,334,666	2,334,666	1,638,351	696,315
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ 317,431</u>	<u>\$ 317,431</u>	<u>\$ 1,223,555</u>	\$ 906,124

# **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Two Percent Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Yea						
	Bur	Budget Actual				
				Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 592,865	\$ 592,865	\$ 531,119	\$ (61,746)		
Taxes						
Two PercentTax	2,834,750	2,834,750	3,044,645	209,895		
Use of Money and Property	, ,	, ,	, ,	,		
Interest	12,500	12,500	2,707	(9,793)		
Miscellaneous	,	,	_,	(0,100)		
Other	_	-	7,401	7,401		
Total Revenues	2 847 250	2 847 250	207,503			
	2,847,250	2,847,250	3,054,753			
Amounts Available for Appropriation	3,440,115	3,440,115	3,585,872	145,757		
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:						
Parks, Recreation and Culture	04 500	04 500	04 500			
Administration	31,536	31,536	31,536	-		
Outside Agencies	812,000	812,000	812,000	-		
Total Expenditures	843,536	843,536	843,536			
Operating Transfers Out	2,082,005	2,082,005	2,028,342	53,663		
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,925,541	2,925,541	2,871,878	53,663		
3 +F F F F F	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · ·		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ 514,574</u>	<u>\$ 514,574</u>	<u>\$ 713,994</u>	<u>\$ 199,420</u>		

## **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Yuma Mall Maintenance Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		dget Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes Mall Assessments	74,000	74,000	88,411	14,411
Miscellaneous Other	7,000	7,000	16,113	9,113
Total Revenues	81,000	81,000	104,524	23,524
Transfers from Other Funds	169,381	169,381	(46,151)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	250,381	250,381	227,754	(22,627)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Community Design and Development				
Mall Maintenance	250,381	250,381	227,754	22,627
Total Expenditures	250,381	250,381	227,754	22,627
Total Charges to Appropriations	250,381	250,381	227,754	22,627
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$



## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private businesses. The intent of the City Council is that the costs of providing the goods or services be recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are designed so that creditors, legislators and the general public can evaluate the performance of the municipal enterprise on the same basis as commercial enterprises in the same industry.

**Desert Hills Golf Course** To account for the financial activity of the operation of the Desert Hills Municipal Golf Course.

**Arroyo Dunes Golf Course** To account for the financial activity of the operation of the Arroyo Dunes Municipal Golf Course.

# **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

June 30	), 200	)4					
					Total		
		Enterpr	Nonmajor				
	De	esert Hills	P	Proprietary			
<u>Assets</u>	Go	olf Course	Go	If Course		Funds	
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$	3,351	\$	129,331	\$	132,682	
Receivables, Net of Allowance							
for Uncollectibles:							
Accounts Receivable		4,407		-		4,407	
Intergovernmental		633		-		633	
Accrued Interest		-		546		546	
Inventory, at cost		71,112		2,599		73,711	
Prepaid Expenses		3,090				3,090	
Total Current Assets		82,593		132,476		215,069	
Fixed Assets:							
Buildings		3,102,865		-		3,102,865	
Improvements Other than Buildings		2,370,096		645,571		3,015,667	
Equipment		241,752		21,866		263,618	
Gross Fixed Assets		5,714,713		667,437		6,382,150	
Less Accumulated							
Depreciation		2,138,972		390,543		2,529,515	
Fixed Assets Net							
of Depreciation		3,575,741		276,894		3,852,635	
Construction In Progress		457				457	
Total Fixed Assets		3,576,198		276,894		3,853,092	
Total Assets		3,658,791		409,370		4,068,161	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		40,497		4,426		44,923	
Accrued Payroll and Related Taxes		89,041		6,519		95,560	
Due to Other Funds		156,210		-		156,210	
Deferred Revenue		44,894				44,894	
Total Current Liabilities Payable							
from Current Assets		330,642		10,945		341,587	
Total Liabilities		330,642		10,945		341,587	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,576,198		276,894		3,853,092	
Unrestricted		(248,049)		121,531		(126,518)	
Total Net Assets	\$	3,328,149	\$	398,425	\$	3,726,574	
	-				-		

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Fear Ended Julie 30, 2004											
	Enterpr	Total									
	· · · ·	Nonmajor									
	Desert Hills	Arroyo Dunes Golf Course	Proprietary Funds								
	Golf Course	Goli Course	Fullus								
Operating Revenues:											
Green Fees	\$ 991,306	\$ 232,049	\$ 1,223,355								
Cart and Club Rental	277,671	10,840	288,511								
Pro Shop Sales	300,831	3,247	304,078								
Restaurant Sales	464,608	-	464,608								
Total Operating Revenues	2,034,416	246,136	2,280,552								
Operating Expenses:											
Operations and Maintenance	1,978,929	239,095	2,218,024								
Depreciation and Amortization	254,705	29,252	283,957								
Total Operating Expenses	2,233,634	268,347	2,501,981								
Operating Loss	(199,218)	)(22,211)	(221,429)								
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):											
Interest	-	440	440								
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	-	(6)	(6)								
Miscellaneous Revenues	4,606	27	4,633								
Net Non-Operating Revenues	4,606	461	5,067								
Deficit before Contributions and Transfers	(194,612)	) (21,750)	(216,362)								
Transfers In	233,340	-	233,340								
Transfers Out	(233,340)	)	(233,340)								
Change in Net Assets	(194,612)	) (21,750)	(216,362)								
Net Assets-beginning	3,522,761	420,175	3,942,936								
Net Assets-ending	\$ 3,328,149	\$ 398,425	<u>\$ 3,726,574</u>								

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	e 30, 4	2004				<b>-</b>	
				un al a	Total		
		Enterpris				Nonmajor	
				oyo Dunes	P	Proprietary	
	C	olf Course	GC	olf Course		Funds	
Cash Flow from Operating Activities:							
Cash Received from Customers	\$	2,039,622	\$	246,135	\$	2,285,757	
Cash Paid to Employees		(862,919)		(118,212)		(981,131)	
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(1,152,634)		(121,930)		(1,274,564)	
Other Operating Activity Revenue		4,606		27		4,633	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		28,675		6,020		34,695	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							
Cash Received from Other Funds		233,340		-		233,340	
Cash Paid to Other Funds		(233,340)		(4,615)		(237,955)	
Net Cash Provided (Used for)							
Noncapital Financing Activities		-		(4,615)		(4,615)	
Cash Flow from Capital and Related Financing Acitivities:							
Acquisition and Construction of Assets		(28,074)		-		(28,074)	
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related		()	<u> </u>			(20,011)	
Financing Activities		(28,074)				(28,074)	
Financing Activities		(20,074)		-		(20,074)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Receipt of Interest		-		449		449	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		-		449		449	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		601		1,854		2,455	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		2,751		127,477		130,228	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	3,352	\$	129,331	\$	132,683	
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:							
Operating (Loss)	\$	(199,217)	\$	(22,210)	\$	(221,427)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss)	Ŷ	(100,211)	Ψ	(,_ : 0)	Ψ	()	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		254,705		29,252		283,957	
Decrease in Accounts Receivables		2,077		-		2,077	
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories		11,322		(437)		10,885	
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		15,198		(760)		14,438	
Decrease in Prepaid Items		1,107		(700)		1,107	
•		1,016		- 148			
Increase in Accrued Wages and Taxes Payable		,		140		1,164 (65,357)	
(Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		(65,357)		-		(65,357)	
Increase in Deferred Revenue		3,218 4,606		- 27		3,218 4,633	
Other Operating Activity Revenue		227,892		28,230		4,633	
Total Adjustments	<u></u>		¢		¢	256,122	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	28,675	\$	6,020	\$	34,695	

### City of Yuma, Arizona

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Water Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the "	Year	Ended June 3	0, 2	004			. ,	,
								ariance with inal Budget
		Budget				Actual	Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(	(Negative)
Resources (inflows):								
Inside City	\$	8,300,000	\$	8,300,000	\$	8,924,424	\$	624,424
Outside City		1,227,800		1,227,800		1,556,812		329,012
Commercial Raw Water		250,000		250,000		216,789		(33,211)
Meters, Connections and Services		219,704		219,704		289,482		69,778
Capital Contributions:								
System Development		200,000		200,000		493,361		293,361
Capacity Rights		1,500,000		1,500,000		2,332,857		832,857
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		40,019,920		40,019,920		2,607,558		(37,412,362)
Interest		347,000		347,000		53,980		(293,020)
Miscellaneous		21,000		21,000		145,281		124,281
Total Revenues		52,085,424		52,085,424		16,620,544		(35,464,880)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		52,085,424		52,085,424		16,620,544		(35,464,880)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):								
Current:								
Administration		1,552,035		1,552,035		1,654,004		(101,969)
Treatment		3,596,752		3,595,239		3,482,505		112,734
Water Transmission		1,045,051		1,045,051		998,644		46,407
Customer Services		462,559		462,559		453,021		9,538
Water Transfer		20,650		20,650		19,829		821
Laboratory		332,309		332,309		169,255		163,054
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay		345,642		347,155		73,322		273,833
Capital Projects		53,156,080		51,924,233		11,670,792		40,253,441
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		1,316,400		1,316,400		1,316,400		-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		872,472		872,472		678,108		194,364
Total Expenditures		62,699,950		61,468,103		20,515,880		40,952,223
Transfers to Other Funds		216,411		216,411	_	62,042		154,369
Total Charges to Appropriations		62,916,361		61,684,514		20,577,922		41,106,592
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources								
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(10,830,937)	\$	(9,599,090)		(3,957,378)	\$	5,641,712
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets:								
Capital Outlay						73,322		
Capital Projects						11,670,792		
Principal Retirement						1,316,400		
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt						(2,607,558)		
Capital Contributions for Subdivider Additions to	Svet	em				1,263,279		
Depreciation and Amortization	Cyst	GIII				(3,463,831)		
•					•			
Change in Net Assets					\$	4,292,818		

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Wastewater Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

For the Y	ear	Ended June 3	0, 2	2004			Ve	vriance with	
						A	Variance with Final Budget		
		Bud	gei			Actual	Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts	_(	Negative)	
Resources (inflows):									
Inside City	\$	5,100,000	\$	5,100,000	\$	6,007,120	\$	907,120	
Outside City		329,000		329,000		388,010		59,010	
Contractual/Industrial Services		647,500		647,500		1,217,558		570,058	
Meters, Connections and Services Capital Contributions:		41,000		41,000		69,410		28,410	
Capacity Rights		500,000		500,000		3,123,492		2,623,492	
Wastewater Interceptor		200,000		200,000		751,222		551,222	
Wastewater Trunk Line Charges		2,800		2,800		4,250		1,450	
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		33,000,000		33,000,000		20,770,389		(12,229,611)	
Interest		338,700		338,700		70,969		(267,731)	
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		8,514		3,514	
Total Revenues		40,164,000		40,164,000		32,410,934		(7,753,066)	
Transfers From Other Funds		-		-	_	561,909		561,909	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		40,164,000		40,164,000		32,972,843		(7,191,157)	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:									
Administration		882,827		882,827		870,497		12,330	
Treatment		3,075,431		3,116,931		2,948,751		168,180	
Pretreatment		350,636		350,636		335,062		15,574	
Collection		536,674		536,674		549,699		(13,025)	
Laboratory		300,149		300,149		144,901		155,248	
Capital Outlay:									
Capital Outlay		318,863		277,363		56,328		221,035	
Capital Projects		46,643,000		49,086,847		25,556,779		23,530,068	
Debt Service:		700 400		700 400		444.045		000.005	
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		728,420		728,420		441,815		286,605	
Total Expenditures		52,836,000		55,279,847		30,903,832		24,376,015	
Transfers To Other Funds		30,470		30,470		26,613		3,857	
Total Charges to Appropriations		52,866,470		55,310,317		30,930,445		24,379,872	
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources									
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(12,702,470)	\$	(15,146,317)		2,042,398	\$	17,188,715	
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets:									
Capital Outlay						56,328			
Capital Projects						25,556,779			
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	<b>.</b>	L				(20,770,389)			
Capital Contributions for Subdivider Additions to	Sys	tern				954,722			
Depreciation and Amortization					_	(2,098,656)			
Change in Net Assets					\$	5,741,182			

### City of Yuma, Arizona

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Desert Hills Golf Course Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		b0, 2004				
	Du	darak	Astual	Variance with Final Budget		
		dget	Actual	Positive		
	Original Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Resources (inflows):						
Green Fees	\$ 1,081,700	\$ 1,081,700	\$ 991,306	\$ (90,394)		
Cart and Club Rental	342,000	342,000	277,671	(64,329)		
Pro Shop Sales	379,500	379,500	300,831	(78,669)		
Restaurant Sales	535,000	535,000	464,608	(70,392)		
Miscellaneous			4,606	4,606		
Total Revenues	2,338,200	2,338,200	2,039,022	(299,178)		
Transfers From Other Funds	237,005	237,005	233,340	(3,665)		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,575,205	2,575,205	2,272,362	(302,843)		
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:						
Maintenance	1,015,107	1,015,107	951,130	63,977		
Concession	637,680	637,680	567,707	69,973		
Restaurant	462,433	462,433	460,092	2,341		
Capital Outlay:						
Capital Outlay	16,000	16,000	23,092	(7,092)		
Capital Projects	50,000	50,000		50,000		
Total Expenditures	2,181,220	2,181,220	2,002,021	179,199		
Transfers To Other Funds	237,005	237,005	233,340	3,665		
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,418,225	2,418,225	2,235,361	182,864		
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources						
Over Charges to Appropriations	<u>\$ 156,980</u>	<u>\$ 156,980</u>	37,001	<u>\$ (119,979</u> )		
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets:			00.000			
Capital Outlay			23,092			
Depreciation and Amortization			(254,705)			
Change in Net Assets			<u>\$ (194,612</u> )			

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Arroyo Dunes Golf Course Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

			30,	2004			Varia	ance with
	Budget					Actual	Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Resources (inflows):								
Green Fees	\$	224,800	\$	224,800	\$	232,049	\$	7,249
Cart and Club Rental	•	9,400		9,400	·	10,840	·	1,440
Pro Shop Sales		2,500		2,500		3,247		747
Interest		4,000		4,000		440		(3,560)
Miscellaneous		500		500		27		(473)
Total Revenues		241,200		241,200		246,603		5,403
Amounts Available for Appropriation		241,200		241,200		246,603		5,403
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):								
Current:								
Maintenance		211,047		211,047		183,013		28,034
Concession		61,625		61,625		56,082		5,543
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		4,610		4,610		4,609		1
Interest		50		50		6		44
Total Expenditures		277,332		277,332		243,710		33,622
Total Charges to Appropriations		277,332		277,332		243,710		33,622
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources		<u> </u>		· · · ·				<u> </u>
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(36,132)	\$	(36,132)		2,893	\$	39,025
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets:								
Principal Retirement						4,609		
Depreciation and Amortization						(29,252)		
Change in Net Assets					\$	(21,750)		

## **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City and to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Equipment Replacement** To account for the associated costs of purchasing vehicles and equipment for rental to other departments.

**Equipment Maintenance** To record the financial activity of fleet maintenance operations.

**Employee Benefits Trust** To record the financial activity of a self funded insurance trust fund that covers eligible employees and dependent health, life, and dental claims.

**Workers Compensation** To record the financial activity of a self-funded worker's compensation insurance trust fund.

**City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2004

			Employee		
• •	Equipment	Equipment	Benefits	Workers	Tatala
<u>Assets</u>	Replacement	Maintenance	Trust	Compensation	Totals
Current Assets: Cash and Investments	¢ 14 546 007	\$ 84.036	¢ 050 407	\$ 675.419	¢ 15 555 600
Accounts Receivable	\$ 14,546,037	\$ 84,036 31,399	\$ 250,197	\$ 675,419	\$ 15,555,689
Intergovernmental Receivable	-	62	16,769	-	48,168 62
Accrued Interest	- 57,012	02	- 1,889	- 2,368	61,269
Inventory, at cost	57,012	353,468	1,009	2,500	353,468
Prepaid Items		558	-	_	558
Total Current Assets	14,603,049	469,523	268,855	677,787	16,019,214
Capital Assets:	14,000,040	400,020	200,000	011,101	10,010,214
Land	_	219,610	_	_	219,610
Buildings		19,251	-	_	19,251
Equipment	21,695,705	55,544	-	-	21,751,249
Less Accumulated Depreciation	11,891,753	42,590	-	-	11,934,343
Total Fixed Assets	9,803,952	251,815	-	-	10,055,767
Total Assets	24,407,001	721,338	268,855	677,787	26,074,981
101017103010					
Liabilities					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	6,622	41,698	424	2,300	51,044
Accrued Payroll, Taxes and Benefits Payable	-	76,790	-	-	76,790
Estimated Claims and Judgements	-	-	62,141	464,350	526,491
Due to Other Funds	-	335,603	-	165,000	500,603
Total Liabilities	6,622	454,091	62,565	631,650	1,154,928
<u>Net Assets</u>					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,803,952	251,815	-	-	10,055,767
Unrestricted	14,596,427	15,432	206,290	46,137	14,864,286
Total Net Assets	\$ 24,400,379	\$ 267,247	\$ 206,290	\$ 46,137	\$ 24,920,053

### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Equipment eplacement	• • •			Employee Benefits Trust		Workers npensation		Totals
Operating Revenues:		•						•		
Charges For Services	\$	-	\$	2,387,548	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,387,548
Contributions	,			,,						,,
Employees		-		-		1,408,508		-		1,408,508
City		-		-		3,617,853		388,860		4,006,713
Equipment Rental		2,348,767		-		-		-		2,348,767
Miscellaneous		-		-		2,184		12,784		14,968
Total Operating Revenues		2,348,767		2,387,548	_	5,028,545	_	401,644	_	10,166,504
Operating Expenses:										
Claims Incurred		-		-		486,605		304,573		791,178
Premiums to Insurance Carriers		-		-		4,590,527		62,982		4,653,509
Administration		58,022		2,372,116		32,270		28,196		2,490,604
Depreciation		2,011,315		3,719		-		-		2,015,034
Total Operating Expenses		2,069,337		2,375,835		5,109,402		395,751		9,950,325
Operating Income/(Loss)		279,430		11,713		(80,857)		5,893		216,179
Non-Operating Revenue/(Expenses):										
Interest		92,250		-		3,216		8,105		103,571
Miscellaneous Expense		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Contribution		-		255,534						255,534
Gain on the Sale of Assets		106,926		_		-		-		106,926
Total Non-Operating Revenues		199,176		255,534		3,216		8,105		466,031
Change in Net Assets		478,606		267,247		(77,641)		13,998		682,210
Net Assets, Beginning		23,921,773				283,931		32,139		24,237,843
Net Assets, Ending	\$	24,400,379	<u>\$</u>	267,247	\$	206,290	\$	46,137	\$	24,920,053

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Combining Statement of Cash Flow: Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 200<sup>2</sup>

	Equipment eplacement	Equipment aintenance	Employee Benefits Trust	Vorkers npensation	 Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Employees	\$ 2,292,458 -	\$ 2,356,087 (698,546) (211,770)	5,021,620 (131,284)	\$ 401,644 -	\$ 10,071,808 (829,830) (211,770)
Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid For Operating Expenses Net Cash Flows Provided by/(Used for	 -	 (311,770) (1,597,338)	 (5,094,786)	 - (352,702)	 (311,770) (7,044,826)
Operating Activities	2,292,458	(251,567)	(204,449)	48,941	1,885,382
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash Received from Other Funds Cash Paid to Other Funds	 -	 335,603	 - (15,000)	 165,000 -	 500,603 (15,000)
Net Cash Flows Provided by/(Used for Noncapital Financing Activities	-	335,603	(15,000)	165,000	485,603
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		-			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	110,346	-	-	-	110,346
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	 (1,779,243)	 -	 -	 -	 (1,779,243)
Net Cash Flows Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,668,897)	-	-	-	(1,668,897)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Receipt of Interest	 87,130	 -	 3,221	 7,506	 97,857
Net Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities	 87,130	 -	 3,221	 7,506	 97,857
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	710,690	84,036	(216,228)	221,448	799,945
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2003	 13,835,346	 -	 466,425	 453,972	 14,755,743
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2004	\$ 14,546,036	\$ 84,036	\$ 250,197	\$ 675,420	\$ 15,555,688
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities:					
Operating Income/(Loss	\$ 279,430	\$ 11,713	\$ (80,857)	\$ 5,893	\$ 216,179
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense	2,011,315	3,719			2,015,034
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) in Inventory	1,714	(31,461) (353,468)	(6,924)	-	(36,671) (353,468)
(Increase) in Prepaid Items	-	(558)	-	-	(558)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase in Payroll Liabilities	-	41,698 76,790	(127,034)	2,268	(83,068) 76,790
Increase in Payroli Liabilities	-	- 10,790	- 10,366	- 40,780	51,146
Total Adjustments	 2,013,029	(263,280)	 (123,592)	 43,048	 1,669,205
Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 2,292,459	\$ (251,567)	\$ (204,449)	\$ 48,941	\$ 1,885,384
Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Positior Purchase of Capital Assets with					
Financing Provided by Vendor	\$ 6,622	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,622
Total Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Position	\$ 6,622	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,622

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Buc	laot			Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Budget Original Final					Amounts	(Negative)		
	0	nginai		Filidi		Amounts	(Negalive)		
Resources (inflows):									
Charges for Services Interest	\$2	2,365,070 350,000	\$	2,365,070 350,000	\$	2,348,767 92,250	\$	(16,303) (257,750)	
Total Revenues	2	2,715,070		2,715,070		2,441,017		(274,053)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		2,715,070	_	2,715,070		2,441,017		(274,053)	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current									
Administration		58,022		58,022		58,022		-	
Capital Outlay	2	2,777,210		2,777,210		1,656,607		1,120,603	
Total Expenditures	2	2,835,232		2,835,232		1,714,629		1,120,603	
Total Charges to Appropriations	2	2,835,232		2,835,232		1,714,629		1,120,603	
Excess of Resources Over									
Charges to Appropriations	\$	<u>(120,162</u> )	\$	(120,162)		726,388	\$	846,550	
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets:									
Capital Outlay						1,656,607			
Gain on Sale of Assets						106,926			
Depreciation and Amortization					_	(2,011,315)			
Change in Net Assets					\$	478,606			

### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Equipment Maintenance Internal Service Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Bu	dget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Resources (inflows):					
Charges for Services	<u>\$ 1,802,556</u>	<u>\$ 1,802,556</u>	<u>\$ 2,387,548</u>	<u>\$ 584,992</u>	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,802,556	1,802,556	2,387,548	584,992	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current Administration Total Expenditures Total Charges to Appropriations Excess of Resources Over	1,802,556 1,802,556 1,802,556	1,802,556 1,802,556 1,802,556	2,372,116	(569,560) (569,560) (569,560)	
Charges to Appropriations	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	15,432	\$ 15,432	
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets: Capital Outlay Capital Contribution Depreciation and Amortization Change in Net Assets			255,534 (3,719) \$267,247		

NOTE: This exhibit is prepared on the modified accrual basis to correspond with the City's budget practices. It is not intended to present the operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### City of Yuma, Arizona Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Capital Assets by Source June 30, 2004

Governmental funds capital assets:

Land Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Construction in Progress Equipment	\$ 13,359,779 77,048,206 127,336,712 25,755,074 10,928,611
Total governmental funds fixed assets	<u>\$ 254,428,382</u>
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:	
From Current Revenues	\$ 92,520,457
From Special Revenues	140,551,299
From Grants-in-Aid	11,891,484 9,465,142
From Gifts	9,400,142

Total governmental funds fixed assets

\$ 254,428,382

NOTE: This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Function and Activity June 30, 2004

	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Infrastructure	Construction In Progress	Equipment	Total
General Government:						
Mayor and Council	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,088	\$ 12,088
General Government	3,328,934	26,614,613	-	839,636	5,621,623	36,404,806
City Administrator	10,732	478,233	-	-	22,298	511,263
City Attorney	-	-	-	-	14,493	14,493
Administrative Services	-	270,162	-	-	99,413	369,575
Information Technology		74,870			734,047	808,917
Total General Government	3,339,666	27,437,878	-	839,636	6,503,962	38,121,142
Public Safety						
Police	-	20,289,009	-	109,471	802,333	21,200,813
Fire	602,254	5,295,538	-	1,383	2,244,081	8,143,256
Municipal Court	-	253,249	-	251,493	53,010	557,752
Building Safety					72,993	72,993
Total Public Safety	602,254	25,837,796	-	362,346	3,172,417	29,974,813
Parks, Recreation and Culture						
General Recreation						
and Administration	1,064,214	19,274,221	-	3,255,888	591,045	24,185,368
Recreation Complex		3,453,229			173,641	3,626,870
Total Parks, Recreation and Culture	1,064,214	22,727,450	-	3,255,888	764,686	27,812,238
Environmental Health and Protection						
Public Works Administration	127,713	220,309	-	-	56,964	404,986
Equipment Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste		50,738			72,052	122,790
Total Environmental						
Health and Protection	127,713	271,047	-	-	129,016	527,776
Community Design and Development						
Engineering, Planning						
and Administration	217,358	774,035	-	-	191,875	1,183,268
Mall Maintenance	6,200				12,999	19,199
Total Community Design						
and Development	223,558	774,035	-	-	204,874	1,202,467
Streets	8,002,374		127,336,712	21,297,204	153,656	156,789,946
Total Governmental Funds						
Capital Assets	\$ 13,359,779	\$ 77,048,206	<u>\$ 127,336,712</u>	\$25,755,074	\$10,928,611	\$ 254,428,382

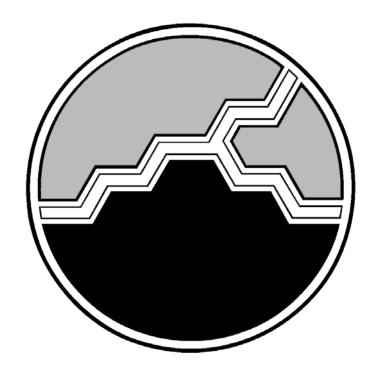
NOTE: This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

#### **City of Yuma, Arizona** Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Balance	Additions	Deletione	Balance
	June 30, 2003	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2004
General Goverment	<b>A 40.000</b>	•	•	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>
Mayor and Council	\$ 12,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,088
General Government	34,815,848	1,663,668	74,711	36,404,806
City Administrator	517,463	-	6,200	511,263
City Attorney	14,493	-	-	14,493
Administrative Services	375,841	-	6,266	369,575
Information Technology	773,999	34,917		808,917
Total General Government	36,509,732	1,698,586	87,177	38,121,142
Public Safety				
Police	21,035,858	164,955	-	21,200,813
Fire	7,983,375	159,881	-	8,143,256
Municipal Court	290,397	267,355	-	557,752
Building Safety	51,648	21,345		72,993
Total Public Safety	29,361,277	613,536	-	29,974,813
Parks, Recreation and Culture				
General Recreation and Administration	21,991,136	2,194,233	-	24,185,368
Recreation Complex	3,548,496	78,374	-	3,626,870
Total Parks, Recreation and Culture	25,539,632	2,272,607	-	27,812,238
Environmental Health and Protection				
Public Works Administration	381,056	43,615	19,684	404,986
Equipment Maintenance Shop	338,020	-	338,020	-
Solid Waste	52,535	70,254	-	122,790
Total Environmental Health				
and Protection	771,611	113,869	357,704	527,776
Community Design and Development	1 100 000	10 601		1 100 000
Engineering, Planning and Administration	1,169,638	13,631	-	1,183,268
Mall Maintenance	19,199			19,199
Total Community Design				
and Development	1,188,837	13,631	-	1,202,467
Streets	137,742,111	20,000,132	952,297	156,789,946
Total Governmental Funds				
Capital Assets	<u>\$ 231,113,200</u>	\$ 24,712,360	<u>\$ 1,397,177</u>	\$ 254,428,382

NOTE: This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

# STATISTICAL SECTION



# Table IGovernment-wide Expenses by FunctionThree Fiscal Years

				Parks	Environmental	Community	Interest on				
Fiscal	General			Recreation	Health and	Design and	Long-Term				
Year	Government	Public Safety	Streets	and Culture	Protection	Development	Debt	Water	Wastewater	Golf Courses	Total
2001-02	\$3,477,585	\$23,566,887	\$9,098,421	\$ 8,526,230	\$ 3,250,679	\$ 5,246,150	\$ 3,227,438	\$ 9,835,626	\$6,484,166	\$ 2,490,371	\$75,203,553
0000.00	0.040.044	05 454 740	7 0 4 0 0 0 0	0.000.044	0.000.000	0.000.000	0.077.050	40.005.044	7 004 007	0 504 444	04 007 045
2002-03	6,949,944	25,454,716	7,943,638	8,862,044	2,936,066	6,368,629	2,877,856	10,325,641	7,024,037	2,524,444	81,267,015
2003-04	7,058,805	26,988,073	8,654,095	9,474,814	2,994,063	5,550,562	2,971,917	10,884,239	7,341,094	2,493,252	84,410,914

### Table II Government-wide Revenues Three Fiscal Years

	P	rogram Revenue	S					
						Grants and contributions not		
	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		Shared	restricted to specific	Unrestricted Investment	
Fiscal Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes	Revenues	programs	Earnings	Total
2001-02	\$ 23,302,928	\$ 2,794,501	\$ 7,910,255	\$ 32,212,207	\$ 23,257,853	\$ -	\$ 3,225,972	\$ 92,703,716
2002-03	25,956,177	3,683,638	6,836,846	32,882,114	24,225,246	7,576,850	1,451,814	102,612,685
2003-04	30,261,176	3,289,896	12,625,945	36,417,720	24,021,381	5,198,434	417,648	112,232,200

# Table IIIGeneral Governmental Expenditures by FunctionLast Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Streets	Re	Parks creation and Culture	Environmental Health and Protection	C	Community Design and evelopment	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Total
			010010			11010001011		evelopment			
1994-95	\$ 3,310,521	\$14,540,768	\$ 3,818,333	\$	4,927,496	\$ 2,936,146	\$	2,540,748	\$ 6,268,560	\$ 311,743	\$ 38,654,315
1995-96	3,507,223	15,414,741	4,087,147		5,295,885	2,679,826		3,065,678	14,233,788	2,102,423	50,386,711
1996-97	2,892,817	16,598,461	4,333,310		5,716,071	3,459,715		2,804,504	21,141,249	4,356,132	61,302,259
1997-98	3,201,449	17,159,134	3,525,923		5,557,476	2,933,404		2,598,481	26,763,764	4,555,709	66,295,340
1998-99	3,431,900	17,695,284	3,421,245		5,798,588	2,313,673		4,241,837	19,101,666	4,499,767	60,503,960
1999-00	3,833,734	19,422,879	4,156,528		6,541,240	2,400,834		4,826,992	12,773,991	5,699,179	59,655,377
2000-01	3,498,091	20,732,963	4,163,416		6,704,068	2,823,020		4,810,570	23,091,843	6,047,871	71,871,842
2001-02	4,001,300	22,659,901	4,393,203		7,427,950	3,174,722		5,330,885	37,311,007	7,572,940	91,871,908
2002-03	4,732,282	24,364,021	4,884,040		7,765,244	3,000,245		6,337,964	19,197,677	8,120,042	78,401,515
2003-04	5,418,459	25,751,628	4,757,479		7,828,062	3,061,719		5,428,709	19,656,020	6,786,764	78,688,840

Source: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds

### Table IV General Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Taxes	enses and Permits		ntergovern- mental	C	Charges for Services	ines and orfeitures	se of Money nd Property	iscellaneous Revenue	 Total
1994-95	\$ 18,985,947	\$ 448,347	\$	18,226,966	\$	1,933,434	\$ 384,598	\$ 1,268,540	\$ 647,741	\$ 41,895,573
1995-96	21,524,540	1,277,644		20,711,518		1,855,171	525,982	2,100,613	745,012	48,740,480
1996-97	23,198,296	708,271		18,929,681		1,685,051	420,915	2,639,263	1,532,728	49,114,205
1997-98	24,710,870	681,672		19,635,508		1,528,534	486,047	2,291,095	1,063,783	50,397,509
1998-99	25,666,570	947,752		23,329,979		1,671,621	511,115	1,634,317	274,530	54,035,884
1999-00	28,412,684	1,249,632		24,683,344		2,110,970	447,813	1,922,970	371,053	59,198,466
2000-01	31,994,899	1,464,096		24,587,495		2,411,318	587,620	2,630,216	354,744	64,030,388
2001-02	32,131,817	1,438,768		27,698,796		2,875,958	670,837	2,493,973	284,348	67,594,497
2002-03	32,812,488	2,062,847		29,298,169		2,982,623	801,121	1,429,018	363,829	69,750,095
2003-04	36,411,029	3,016,094		31,041,144		3,904,797	725,948	1,153,837	513,498	76,766,347

### Table V Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Public	Mall	
Fiscal		General	City Road	Public Safety	Civic Center	Two Percent	Utility	Enterprise	District	
Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Excise Tax	Tax	Franchise	In-Lieu	Levy	Total
1994-95	\$3,579,519	\$ 8,172,410	\$ 3,903,429	\$ 391,077	\$ 17,793	\$1,766,817	\$ 1,025,146	\$ 42,000	\$ 87,756	\$18,985,947
1995-96	3,962,082	8,497,121	4,146,044	1,701,619	10,902	1,997,930	1,028,738	42,000	138,104	21,524,540
1996-97	4,050,744	9,190,489	4,470,925	1,838,760	721	2,097,687	1,447,845	42,030	59,095	23,198,296
1997-98	4,355,377	9,848,292	4,836,428	2,002,155	3,301	2,187,192	1,392,706	42,000	43,419	24,710,870
1998-99	4,486,819	10,354,676	5,088,978	2,105,780	1,263	2,313,453	1,224,830	42,000	48,771	25,666,570
1999-00	4,730,665	11,342,233	5,574,996	2,306,895	5,674	2,363,269	1,796,281	242,000	50,671	28,412,684
2000-01	5,243,984	12,836,934	6,417,376	2,566,078	-	2,490,071	2,135,544	242,000	62,912	31,994,899
2001-02	5,193,075	13,116,950	6,448,954	2,578,704	-	2,652,152	1,835,810	242,000	64,172	32,131,817
2002-03	5,525,546	13,237,042	6,617,396	2,646,059	-	2,741,989	1,719,272	242,000	83,184	32,812,488
2003-04	5,857,825	14,849,984	7,423,730	2,968,482	-	3,044,645	1,935,952	242,000	88,411	36,411,029

Source: General and Special Revenue Funds

# Table VIIntergovernmental Shared RevenuesLast Ten Fiscal Years

		_			Local	Grants and	
		Revenue			Transportion	Others	
Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	Sharing	Auto In-Lieu	Highway Users	Assistance	(Table VII)	Total
1994-95	\$ 4,350,840	\$ 4,056,699	\$ 1,267,830	\$ 5,258,881	\$ 430,730	\$2,861,986	\$ 18,226,966
1995-96	4,595,727	4,350,984	1,488,372	5,575,537	435,038	4,265,860	20,711,518
1996-97	4,267,201	4,577,465	1,654,496	5,115,826	428,877	2,885,816	18,929,681
1997-98	4,506,916	5,171,767	1,595,995	5,768,654	439,556	2,152,620	19,635,508
1998-99	5,002,193	6,212,451	2,030,291	6,038,703	424,669	3,621,672	23,329,979
1999-00	5,515,532	6,958,385	2,075,329	6,715,766	418,463	2,999,869	24,683,344
2000-01	5,779,653	7,303,100	2,235,482	6,157,241	425,571	2,686,448	24,587,495
2001-02	5,973,339	8,084,914	2,345,195	6,414,401	440,004	4,440,943	27,698,796
2002-03	6,062,278	8,250,011	2,746,086	6,732,659	434,212	5,072,923	29,298,169
2003-04	6,535,654	7,002,250	2,852,832	7,198,891	431,754	7,019,763	31,041,144

### Table VII Intergovernmental Revenues - Grants and Other Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fede	ral			State of Arizona				-	
Fiscal Year	Justice	Interior	Housing/Urban Development (CDBG)	Economic Development Administration	Other HUD	Other	Parks	Commerce	Transpor- tation	Other	Local Government	Total
1994-95	\$ 771,975	\$-	\$ 595,269	\$ 634,827	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 99,252	\$-	\$ 162,102	\$ 598,561	\$ 2,861,986
1995-96	780,737	-	1,857,444	1,429,672	-	-	5,160	92,927	-	430	99,490	4,265,860
1996-97	986,309	405,521	857,700	453,001	-	-	-	17,907	-	-	165,378	2,885,816
1997-98	855,001	119,355	794,492	35,766	-	-	36,000	3,935	-	257,318	50,753	2,152,620
1998-99	869,432	109,421	1,372,433	9,234	-	38,543	-	286,709	600,000	275,869	60,031	3,621,672
1999-00	948,716	172,030	1,215,765	-	82,536	89,525	169,567	20,339	40,000	46,535	214,856	2,999,869
2000-01	970,255	158,271	706,783	-	199,998	156,327	393,823	10,054	-	90,937	-	2,686,448
2001-02	1,010,764	405,198	640,280	-	229,712	507,488	753,502	264,684	240,890	366,161	22,264	4,440,943
2002-03	1,309,351	1,398,560	991,044	-	169,579	413,527	96,498	441,101	-	233,831	19,432	5,072,923
2003-04	3,462,972	575,124	1,349,178	-	405,814	896,311	87,359	-	31,059	151,489	60,457	7,019,763

### Table VIII Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Total Collection as Percent of Current Levy
1994-95	\$ 3,726,867	\$ 3,427,048	91.96%	\$ 152,471	\$ 3,579,519	96.05%
1995-96	3,857,407	3,750,005	97.22%	212,077	3,962,082	102.71%
1996-97	4,081,166	3,869,125	94.80%	181,689	4,050,814	99.26%
1997-98	4,285,195	4,163,448	97.16%	191,929	4,355,377	101.64%
1998-99	4,463,402	4,334,970	97.12%	151,849	4,486,819	100.52%
1999-00	4,711,704	4,569,886	96.99%	160,779	4,730,665	100.40%
2000-01	4,988,638	5,099,285	102.22%	144,699	5,243,984	105.12%
2001-02	5,240,594	5,071,973	96.78%	121,102	5,193,075	99.09%
2002-03	5,569,705	5,339,296	95.86%	186,250	5,525,546	99.21%
2003-04	5,901,384	5,656,980	95.86%	200,845	5,857,825	99.26%

# Table IXAssessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable PropertyLast Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Year	Туре	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Assessed to Estimated Value
1994	Primary Secondary	\$ 189,877,024 193,571,175	\$ 1,439,167,745 1,467,556,166	
1995	Primary Secondary	196,326,119 199,659,445	1,509,609,831 1,632,866,550	13.01% 12.23%
1996	Primary Secondary	206,526,304 208,341,336	1,594,672,075 1,609,362,821	12.95% 12.95%
1997	Primary Secondary	215,315,388 218,762,985	1,671,162,740 1,691,827,028	
1998	Primary Secondary	224,268,102 232,397,991	1,734,925,006 1,780,360,890	12.93% 13.05%
1999	Primary Secondary	236,744,301 245,008,969	1,852,024,345 1,902,825,605	
2000	Primary Secondary	250,659,103 256,612,102	1,930,815,864 1,969,848,043	
2001	Primary Secondary	271,369,779 278,555,470	2,141,691,122 2,201,668,090	12.67% 12.65%
2002	Primary Secondary	299,108,816 305,708,909	2,343,016,774 2,395,671,220	
2003	Primary Secondary	315,700,166 322,623,524	2,461,666,561 2,509,101,578	12.82% 12.86%

# Table X Property Tax Rates Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation-Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

School District No. 13 \$ 11.5375
<u>No. 13</u> \$ 11.5375
\$ 11.5375
4.0364
11.6068
3.8301
10.7118
3.8710
11.6342
3.2037
11.6404
3.4934
11.0719 3.3428
10.9748
3.4373
11.0423 3.3340
10.9580
3.1443
10.1753
3.0554

Source: Yuma County Assessor

# Table XIComputation of Direct and Overlapping DebtJune 30, 2004

	Debt	Allocable	to City of Yuma
Jurisdiction	Outstanding	Percent	Amount
City of Yuma	\$ -	100.00%	\$ -
Yuma County	38,450,000	50.14%	19,280,355
Yuma County Community College District	9,845,000	50.14%	4,936,673
Yuma Union High School District No. 70	12,825,000	54.04%	6,930,212
Yuma School District No. 1	26,005,000	56.13%	14,597,784
Yuma School District No. 13	9,600,000	64.49%	6,191,066
Total Overlapping Debt			\$ 51,936,090

Source: Yuma County Treasurer and Yuma County Assessor

# Table XII Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and General Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)(2)	Assessed Value	General Bonded Debt	Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	General Bonded Debt per Capita
1994-95	60,457	\$ 193,571,175	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
1995-96	63,150	198,439,931	-	-	-
1996-97	65,130	208,341,336	-	-	-
1997-98	68,160	218,762,985	-	-	-
1998-99	69,055	232,397,991	-	-	-
1999-00	71,000	245,008,969	-	-	-
2000-01	77,515	256,612,102	-	-	-
2001-02	79,530	278,555,470	-	-	-
2002-03	80,300	305,708,909	-	-	-
2003-04	83,330	322,623,524	-	-	-

Source: (1) Census data

(2) City of Yuma, Department of Community Development

### Table XIII Special Assessments Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Current Assessments Due	Assessments Collected	Ratio of Collections to Amount Due	Outstanding Delinquent Assessments (1)
1994-95	\$ 296,000	\$ 296,000	100%	\$ -
1995-96	278,052	278,052	100%	-
1996-97	243,965	243,965	100%	-
1997-98	234,868	234,868	100%	-
1998-99	12,480	12,480	100%	-
1999-00	12,701	13,094	103%	-
2000-01	6,181	6,181	100%	-
2001-02	-	-	-	-
2002-03	-	-	-	-
2003-04	-	-	-	-

(1) All assessments are either paid when due or sold to independent bidders when delinquent. In the event there are no interested bidders, the delinquency must be satisfied from available funds of the City; therefore, all assessments are considered collected currently. Fiscal year 1999-00 included \$393 prepaid for the subsequent fiscal year, reducing FY 2000-01 assessments due from \$6,574 to \$6,181.

### Table XIV Computation of Legal Debt Limitation June 30, 2004

		General Obligation Bonds	
Legal Debt Limitation		Water, Sewer Lights, Parks (20%)	All Others (6%)
2003 Tax Year Secondary Assessed Valuation	\$ 322,623,524	\$ 64,524,705	\$19,357,411
Outstanding General Obligation Debt:			
Project 1992		1,895,000	-
Project 1997		7,680,000	-
Total General Obligation Debt		9,575,000	
		\$ 54,949,705	\$19,357,411

- (1) Under the Arizona Constitution, cities may issue General Obligation Bonds for purposes of water, sewer, artificial light and parks, open space preserves, playgrounds and recreational facilities up to an amount not exceeding 20% of secondary assessed valuation.
- (2) Under the Arizona Constitution, cities may issue General Obligation Bonds for all purposes other than those listed in (1) above up to an amount not to exceed 6% of secondary assessed valuation.

# Table XV Ratio of Debt Service of General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
1994-95	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 38,654,315	-
1995-96	-	-	-	50,386,711	-
1996-97	-	-	-	61,302,259	-
1997-98	-	-	-	66,568,726	-
1998-99	-	-	-	60,503,960	-
1999-00	-	-	-	59,655,377	-
2000-01	-	-	-	71,871,842	-
2001-02	-	-	-	91,871,908	-
2002-03	-	-	-	78,401,515	-
2003-04	-	-	-	78,688,840	-

Source: City of Yuma Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

# Table XVI Schedule of Water and Wastewater Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gross	Operating	Net Revenues Available for	Det	ot Service Requirem	ents
Fiscal Year	Revenues	Expenses (1)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total
1994-95	\$ 12,019,211	\$ 7,130,005	\$ 4,889,206	\$ 860,000	\$ 206,863	\$ 1,066,863
1995-96	13,051,001	7,610,591	5,440,410	935,000	131,612	1,066,612
1996-97	13,940,833	8,075,960	5,864,873	650,000	59,150	709,150
1997-98	13,497,421	8,011,547	5,485,874	-	-	-
1998-99	13,382,190	8,267,029	5,115,161	-	-	-
1999-00	14,433,719	8,902,681	5,531,038	-	-	-
2000-01	15,114,842	9,562,567	5,552,275	-	-	-
2001-02	15,952,585	10,139,060	5,813,525	-	-	-
2002-03	17,221,289	11,307,682	5,913,607	-	-	-
2003-04	18,948,349	11,626,168	7,322,181	-	-	-

(1) Excludes depreciation, amortization and other water expenses subordinate to debt service.

### Table XVII Pledged Tax Collections

	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04
Local Taxes							
Sales Tax (1%)	\$ 9,848,292	\$ 10,354,676	\$ 11,342,233	\$ 12,836,934	\$ 13,116,950	\$ 13,237,042	\$ 14,849,984
Franchise Fee	1,434,706	1,266,830	2,038,281	2,377,544	2,077,810	1,961,272	2,177,952
Intergovernmental Revenues:							
State Revenue Sharing	5,171,767	6,212,451	6,958,385	7,303,100	8,084,914	8,250,011	7,002,250
State Sales Tax	4,506,916	5,002,193	5,515,532	5,779,653	5,973,339	6,062,278	6,535,654
Auto In-Lieu Tax	1,595,995	2,030,291	2,075,329	2,235,482	2,345,195	2,746,086	2,852,832
Emergency Services and Other	17,702	18,079	21,856	19,675	22,264	19,432	36,132
Licenses:							
Business Licenses	288,771	286,644	273,704	262,991	210,565	297,643	291,080
Liquor Licenses	32,342	32,395	26,560	27,990	27,185	27,765	32,115
Fees for Services:							
Building Permits and Inspection Fees	499,810	912,959	1,318,636	1,543,648	1,550,072	2,343,219	3,608,965
Recreation Fees	267,065	286,838	305,014	332,466	341,523	355,658	381,442
Police Services and Other Public Safety Fees	434,843	253,442	423,643	495,782	482,394	705,976	544,869
Use of Money and Property:							
Investment Income	149,523	174,856	278,612	457,415	461,606	243,955	70,322
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties:							
City Court Fines	486,047	511,115	447,813	587,620	670,837	801,121	725,948
Total Series B Pledged Taxes	24,733,779	27,342,769	31,025,598	34,260,300	35,364,654	37,051,458	39,109,545
Additional Series A Pledged Taxes							
City Public Safety Taxes (.2%)	2,002,155	2,105,780	2,306,895	2,566,078	2,578,704	2,646,059	2,968,482
Total Series A Pledged Taxes	26,735,934	29,448,549	33,332,493	36,826,378	37,943,358	39,697,517	42,078,027
Additional Series C Pledged Taxes							
City Special Taxes (2%)	2,190,493	2,313,453	2,363,269	2,490,071	2,652,152	2,741,989	3,044,645
Total Series C Pledged Taxes	\$ 26,924,272	\$ 29,656,222	\$ 33,388,867	<u>\$ 36,750,371</u>	<u>\$ 38,016,806</u>	<u>\$ 39,793,447</u>	\$ 42,154,190
Gross Excise Tax Pledged Revenues	<u>\$ 28,926,427</u>	<u>\$ 31,762,002</u>	<u>\$ 35,695,762</u>	<u>\$ 39,316,449</u>	<u>\$ 40,595,510</u>	<u>\$ 42,439,506</u>	<u>\$ 45,122,672</u>

The Series C Pledged Taxes consist of the Excise Taxes and the City Special Taxes.

Source: City of Yuma Administrative Services Department

119

# Table XVIII Schedule of Municipal Property Corporation Debt Service Requirements to Maturity and Coverage

		Series 1998, 2001, and 2003 Refunding 1995 Cov					ve	nants
	20	03 Ref 1995A	20	03 Ref 1995B	20	03 Ref 1995C		
2003-04 Pledged Taxes	<u>\$</u>	42,078,027	\$	39,109,545	\$	42,154,190		
2004-05 Debt related to pledge:								Total
2003 Ref 1995 Series A	\$	1,562,228	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,562,228
2003 Ref 1995 Series B		-		995,631		-		995,631
2003 Ref 1995 Series C		-		-		231,275		231,275
1998 Series		-		-		-		-
2001 Series				2,537,825				2,537,825
Total Debt	\$	1,562,228	\$	3,533,456	\$	231,275	\$	5,326,959
Coverage		26.9		11.1		182.3		
Required Coverage		4.0		3.0		3.5		
Collective Coverage								
2003-04 Pledged Taxes	\$	42,078,027	\$	39,109,545	\$	42,154,190		
Total 2003-04 Debt	\$	5,326,959	\$	5,326,959	\$	5,326,959		
Coverage		7.9		7.3		7.9		
Required Coverage		4.0		3.0		3.5		

**1998, 2001, and 2003 Refunding 1995 Series:** Bond covenants require that each series cover both its related debt and the collective debt for the succeeding year.

### Table XIX Building Permits, Bank Deposits and Retail Sales Last Ten Fiscal Years

Building Permits (1)					Yuma County		
_					Bank	Retail	
Tax Year	C	Commercial		Residential	Deposits(2)	Sales(3)	
	No.	Value	No.	Value	In Thou	usands	
1994	605	\$ 20,795,722	239	\$ 19,313,100	\$ 606,842	\$ 590,452	
1995	265	17,613,928	620	23,915,670	651,312	626,043	
1996	582	26,664,589	391	34,298,598	538,041	650,114	
1997	430	40,281,141	373	20,370,303	606,965	671,821	
1998	247	17,236,498	431	37,795,329	782,120	715,746	
1999	241	25,249,505	633	26,625,914	740,482	762,778	
2000	186	24,818,824	466	49,925,047	725,000	820,348	
2001	343	42,381,125	568	60,363,660	792,000	855,556	
2002	313	29,838,982	576	66,248,737	922,000	866,972	
2003	999	141,020,407	685	98,696,100	997,000	930,333	

(1) Calendar year permits issued by City of Yuma Community Development Department

(2) Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

(3) Arizona Department of Revenue website, Annual Report (excludes restaurants, bars, hotels and motor fuel)

# Table XXAssessed Valuation of Ten Major Property TaxpayersJune 30, 2004

Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation
Arizona Public Service Company	\$ 11,334,063
Qwest Corporation	8,072,468
Yuma Cogeneration Associates	4,815,251
Dole Fresh Vegetables Inc. CA Corporation	3,504,169
Southwest Gas Corporation	2,069,693
HPI-FW West Partners (Super WalMart Center)	1,954,997
Reynolds Robert L. Trust Agreement	1,816,405
Natural Selection Foods LLC	1,567,737
Shaw Diversified Services Inc.	1,458,043
UIRT - Big Curve Inc AZ Corporation	1,453,746
Total Taxpayers	\$ 38,046,572

Source: Yuma County Assessor

### Table XXI Miscellaneous Statistical Data June 30, 2004

November 4, 2003

22,793

6,089

26.71%

41 1,592

26,255

### **Most Recent Election:**

Registered Voters:

Percentage Voting:

General:

Schools:

Schools

Teachers (est) Enrollment (est)

Ballots Cast:

Incorporated:	April 14, 1914
First Charter:	June 11, 1914
Last Charter Amendment:	January 2, 2002
Form of Government:	Council-Manager

Year	Square Miles	Population	_
2004	107.86	83,330	(Estimated)
2000	106.60	77,515	
1995	22.90	60,457	
1990	21.74	56,966	
1985	21.55	46,400	
1980	18.46	43,057	
1975	8.00	30,081	
1970	7.92	29,007	
1960	7.79	23,974	

### Public Safety:

Fire Protection:	
Stations:	5
Employees:	105
Police Protection:	
Units-marked:	63
Units-unmarked:	53
Motorcycles:	7
Employees:	229

Parks:	
Park acreage	553
Municipal golf courses (acres)	175
Swimming Pools	3
Activity Centers	7
Cemetery (acres)	40
Retention Basins(acres)	160

#### Public Works:

Streets (Miles est.)	
Paved	300
Unpaved	5
Alleys	45
Street lights	4,500
Refuse Collection:	
Accounts	18,382
Quantity Collected (tons)	27,781
Water Services:	
Connections	24,909
Customers	23,665
Miles of Lines	437
Storage Capacity (million gallons)	13.5
Daily Treatment Capacity (million gallons)	45
Annual Quantity Processed (billion gallons)	9.32
Wastewater Services:	
Sanitary Sewers	
Miles of Lines	266
Processing Capacity (million gallons daily)	12.26
Quantity Processed (million gallons daily)	8.31



